Hardcore

# COMPUTIST

Issue No. 11

\$2.50

Copy II Plus (4.4C) Update Of An Old Friend Pg. 8

> Parameter List For Essential Data Duplicator Ps. 10

> > Ultimaker III

(CA5/340)

Vitima H...The The Picture

Checking Document
File: My Summer Vaca
You have (43) suspect

O issues

Softkey for Sensible Speller IV: UPDATE Pg. 24

Hardcore COMPUTIST P.O. Box 44549-T Tacoma, WA 98444 BULK RATE U.S. Postage

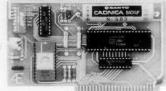
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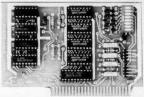
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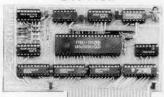




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|------------|-------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------|
| VIEWMASTER | 169   | YES        | YES                  | YES                 | YES  | YES               | YES       | YES                   | YES     |
| SUPPRTERM  | MORE  | NO.        | YES                  | NO                  | NO   | NO                | NO        | YES                   | YES     |
| WIZARD80   | MORE  | NO         | NO                   | NO                  | NO   | YES               | NO.       | YES                   | YES     |
| VISION80   | MORE  | YES        | YES                  | NO                  | NO   | YES               | NO        | NO                    | NO      |
| OMNIVISION | MORE  | NO.        | YES                  | NO                  | NO   | NO                | NO        | YES                   | YES     |
| VIEWMAX80  | MORE  | YES        | YES                  | NO                  | NO   | YES               | NO        | NO                    | YES     |
| SMARTERM   | MORE  | YES        | YES                  | NO                  | NO   | NO                | YES       | YES                   | NO      |
| VIDEOTERM  | MORE  | NO         | NO                   | YES                 | NO   | YES               | YES       | NO                    | YES     |

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| ampit programmore empsy                   |       |
|---|-------|
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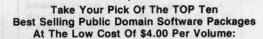
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M any of the articles published in Hardcore COMPUTIST detail the removal of copy protection schemes from commercial disks or contain information on copy protection and backup methods in general. We also print bit copy parameters, tips for adventure games, advanced playing techniques (APT's) for arcade game fanatics and any other information which may be of use to the serious Apple user.

Hardcore COMPUTIST also contains a center CORE section which generally focuses on information not directly related to copy-protection. Topics may include, but are not limited to, tutorials, hardware/software product reviews and application and utility programs.

New readers are advised to read over the rest of this page carefully in order to avoid frustration when following any of the softkeys or typing in any of the programs printed in this issue. Longtime readers should know what to do next: Make a pot of coffee, get out some blank disks and settle in for a long evening at the keyboard.

#### What Is a Softkey Anyway?

A softkey is a term which we coined to describe a procedure that removes, or at least circumvents, any copy protection that may be present on a disk. Once a softkey procedure has been performed, the disk can usually be duplicated by the use of Apple's COPYA program which is on the DOS 3.3 System Master Disk.

#### Following A Softkey Procedure

The majority of the articles in Hardcore COM-PUTIST which contain a softkey will also include a discussion of the type of copy protection present on the disk in question and the technique(s) necessary to remove that protection. Near the end of the article, a step-by-step "cookbook" method of duplicating the disk will appear. Generally, the appropriate actions for the reader to perform will appear in boldface type. Examples are:

1) Boot the disk in slot 6

#### PR#6

or

2) Enter the monitor

CALL -151

It is assumed that the reader has some familiarity with his or her Apple, i.e. knowing that the RETURN key must be hit following the commands illustrated above.

Hardcore COMPUTIST tries to verify the softkeys which are published, although occasionally this is not possible. Readers should be aware that different, original copies of the same program will not always contain an identical protection method. For this reason, a softkey may not work on the copy of a disk that you own, but it may work on a different copy of the same program. An example of this is Zaxxon, by Datasoft, where there are at least 3 different protection methods used on various releases of the game.

#### Software Recommendations

Although not absolutely necessary, the following categories of utilities are recommended for our readers who wish to obtain the most benefit from our articles:

- 1) Applesoft Program Editor such as Global Program Line Editor (GPLE).
- 2) Disk Editor such as DiskEdit, ZAP from Bag of Tricks or Tricky Dick from The CIA.
- 3) Disk Search Utility such as The Inspector, or The Tracer from The CIA.
- 4) Assembler such as the S-C Macro Assembler or Big Mac.
- 5) Bit Copy Program such as COPY II +, Locksmith or The Essential Data Duplicator.
- 6) Text Editor capable of producing normal sequential text files such as Applewriter II, Magic Window II or Screenwriter II.

Three programs on the DOS 3.3 System Master Disk, COPYA, FID and MUFFIN, also come in very handy from time to time.

#### Hardware Recommendations

Certain softkey procedures require that the computer have some means of entering the Apple's system monitor during the execution of a copy-protected program. For Apple II + owners there are three basic ways this can be achieved:

 Place an INTEGER BASIC ROM card in one of the Apple's slots.

2) Install an old monitor or modified F8 ROM on the Apple's motherboard. The installation of a modified F8 ROM is discussed in Ernie Young's article, "Modified ROMS", which appeared in Hardcore COMPUTIST no. 6.

3) Have available a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) card such as Replay or Wildcard.

Longtime readers of Hardcore COMPUTIST will vouch for the fact that the ability to RESET into the monitor at will, greatly enhances the capacity of the Apple owner to remove copy protection from protected disks.

A 16K or larger RAM card is also recommended for Apple II or II + owners. A second disk drive is handy, but is not usually required for most programs and softkeys.

#### Requirements

Most of the programs and softkeys which appear in Hardcore COMPUTIST require an Apple II + computer (or compatible) with a minimum 48K of RAM and at least one disk drive with DOS 3.3. Occasionally, some programs and procedures have special requirements such as a sector editing program or a "nonautostart" F8 monitor ROM. The prerequisites for deprotection techniques or programs will always be listed at the beginning article under the "Requirements:" heading.

#### Recommended Literature

The Apple II and II + 's come bundled with an Apple Reference Manual, however this book is not included with the purchase of an Apple //e. This book is necessary reference material for the serious computist. A DOS 3.3 manual is also recommended. Other helpful books include:

Beneath Apple DOS, Don Worth and Peter Leichner, Quality Software. \$19.95.

Assembly Lines: The Book, Roger Wagner, Softalk Books, \$19.95.

What's Where In The Apple, Professor Lubert, Micro Ink. \$24.95.

#### Typing in BASIC Programs

When typing in basic programs, you will often encounter a delta (""") character. These are the spaces you MUST type in if you wish your checksums to match ours. All other spaces are merely printed for easier reading and don't have to be typed unless they are after a DATA statement. Any spaces after the word DATA that aren't delta characters MUST be ommitted!

It is a good idea to SAVE your BASIC program to disk frequently while typing it in to minimize the loss of data in the event of a power failure.

#### Checksoft

Checksoft is a Binary program that checks Applesoft programs to ensure that you have keyed them in properly. Every bin program we print has companion checksums which consist of the Applesoft program's line numbers and a hexadecimal (base 16) number for each line. After keying in a BASIC program, BRUN checksoft and compare the checksums for every line that Checksoft generates with those at the end of the program. If you use Checksoft and make a typing error, your checksums will differ from ours beginning at the line where you made the error.

#### Typing in Binary Programs

Binary programs are printed in two different formats, as source code and as object code in a hexadecimal dump. If you want to type in the source code, you will need an assembler. The S-C Macro Assembler is used to generate all the source code which we print, although any assembler whose use you understand will do just fine for entering source code. Binary programs can also be entered directly with the use of the Apple monitor by typing in the bytes listed in the hexdump at the appropriate addresses. Be sure to enter the monitor with a CALL -151 before entering the hexdump. Don't type the checksums printed at the end of each line of the hexdump and don't forget to BSAVE binary programs with the proper address and length parameters listed in the article.

#### Checkbin

Like Checksoft, Checkbin also generates checksums, but was designed to check binary (machine language) programs.

Whenever Hardcore COMPUTIST prints a hexdump to type in, the associated Checkbin generated checksums are printed after every 8 bytes and at the end of every line.

Checksoft and Checkbin were printed in Hardcore COMPUTIST no. 1 and the Best Of Hardcore Computing and are sold on Program Library Disk No. 1 and the Best Of Hardcore Library Disk.

#### Let Us Hear Your Likes and Gripes

New and longtime readers of Hardcore COM-PUTIST are encouraged to let us know what they like and don't like about our magazine by writing letters to our INPUT column. Our staff will also try to answer questions submitted to the INPUT column, although we cannot guarantee a response due to the small size of our staff. Also, send your votes for the softkeys you would like to see printed to our "Most Wanted List."

## How-To's Of Hardcore

If you are reading our magazine for the first time, welcome to Hardcore COMPUTIST, a publication devoted to the serious user of Apple II and Apple II compatible computers. We believe our magazine contains information you are not likely to find in any of the other major journals dedicated to the Apple market.

Our editorial policy is that we do NOT condone software piracy, but we do believe that honest users are entitled to back up commercial disks they have purchased. In addition to the security of a backup disk, the removal of copy protection gives the user the option of modifying application programs to meet his or her needs.

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# COMPUTIST

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**Adventure Tips** 

By Marco Hunter

By Gary Wolfe

Softkey For Mask Of The Sun

# INPUT INPUT INPUT

#### Word Searching on the //e

After receiving Hardcore COMPUTIST No. 9, I saw the CORE Word Search Generator by Barry Palinsky and decided to type it in. After everything was saved and stored safely, I attempted to RUN it, but it would always freeze after the input questions and never generate the puzzle. I finally looked up in the Reference Manual Addendum: Monitor ROM Listings, and found that on the //e, the subroutine (CLEOL2 .EQ \$FCAØ) used in the Word Searcher was not in the Apple //e ROMs. So, here is an update to Barry Palinsky's Word Search Generator to make it run on the //e:

Fix the Word Search source code by:

- 1) Deleting line 1190
- 2) Adding lines 2210-2250

| 2210 | CLEOL2    | STA | (BASL),Y |
|------|-----------|-----|----------|
| 2220 |           | INY |          |
| 2230 |           | CPY | \$21     |
| 2240 |           | BCC | CLEOLZ   |
| 2250 | H TEAL (B | RTS |          |

If you don't have the S-C Assembler, then here is an updated hexdump:

| 0390:FB | A 9 | AE | A 4 | FE | 20 | AE | 03 |
|---------|-----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|
| 0398:68 | 69  | 00 | C 5 | FB | 90 | EE | A9 |
| 03A0:28 | 85  | 21 | 60  | 68 | A8 | 68 | A6 |
| 03A8:DF | 9 A | 48 | 98  | 48 | 60 | 91 | 28 |
| 03B0:C8 | 21  | 90 | F9  | 60 |    |    |    |
|         |     |    |     |    |    |    |    |

Also, at the end of line 670, THEN W = TW should be THEN WO = TW.

Wesley Bylsma Holly MI

#### Screenwriter Again?

Re. "Softkey For Sierra On-Line Software", Hardcore COMPUTIST No. 9.

I have been trying to backup my Screenwriter II version 2.0 for several months without success. Your article brought on a new burst of effort. Unfortunately, none of the addresses offered for version 2.2 helped on mine. Since I have not yet completed Lesson 1 on Machine Language, I was unable to follow the article's logic. Fortunately, another source helped me out. Courtesy of the Back-Up Book published by Central Point Software in conjunction with their COPY II PLUS, I got the following formula:

1) Copy entire disk with "COPYA"

2) Change

| TR | SEC | ADDRESS | FROM | TO |  |
|----|-----|---------|------|----|--|
| 03 | 0   | 94      | 20   | EA |  |
|    |     | 95      | 00   | EA |  |
|    |     | 96      | 7 F  | EA |  |
| 13 | 04  | 4 D     | 20   | EA |  |
|    |     | 4E      | 00   | EA |  |
|    |     | 4F      | 6D   | EA |  |
|    |     |         |      |    |  |

All the addressed bytes showed up as advertised, and the changes worked! Thought you might be interested. Keep up the good work.

Jack Weiss Sarasota FL

#### Infocom Update

Just a short note to bring you up-to-date on my method for copying Infocom Adventures, outlined in COMPUTIST No. 5, "Backing Up Starcross". The method I've used here will work on all the Infocom games. Here is the complete list of games and the tracks to copy.

| Zork I     | 1-24 | (\$01-\$18) |
|------------|------|-------------|
|            |      |             |
| Zork II    | 1-24 | (\$01-\$18) |
| Starcross  | 1-24 | (\$01-\$18) |
| Infidel    | 1-26 | (\$01-\$1A) |
| Zork III   | 1-28 | (\$01-\$1C) |
| Planetfall | 1-28 | (\$01-\$1C) |
| Suspended  | 1-28 | (\$01-\$1C) |
| Witness    | 1-28 | (\$01-\$1C) |
| Deadline   | 1-30 | (\$01-\$1E) |
| Enchanter  | 1-30 | (\$01-\$1E) |
| Sorcerer   | 1-30 | (\$01-\$1E) |
|            |      |             |

Aside from the track differences, the copy method for each of these disks is the same as in the article, including the sector modification.

Jeff Rivett London, Ontario Canada

#### Parms for Facemaker

Re. L.P. William's letter (West Warwick RI) in issue No. 9.

I have not been able to unprotect the Facemaker program from Spinnaker Software. but I have been able to back it up. First, copy the disk with COPYA. Then track 0 must be recopied with any of the following methods depending on which copier you prefer.

1) EDD synchronized

2) Locksmith 5.0 synchronized (Default on all other options)

3) Copy II + 34=1 36=2A 37=1B 38=FC 3E=2

The copy protection involved here seems to involve a bit-insertion routine which causes part of the track to be written in self sync-bytes. The backup routine listed above may also work with other Spinnaker programs but I have not yet experimented with this.

Rocky Giovinazzo Nashua NH

#### Help With Applewriter //e

The Gila Valley Apple Growers Association maintains a AWIIe voice helpline for Applewriter TM He users at (602) 428-4073. There is no cost for this service except for the usual phone charges. Best calling times are 8-5 weekdays, Mountain Standard Time. The association also can supply an AWIIe toolkit package consisting of eight crammedfull diskette sides. Included are such goodies as patches for NULL, "shortline", and //c de-trashing, answers to hundreds of mostasked helpline questions, microjustify and proportional space, cameraready secrets, a complete and most thorough disassembly script, sourcecode capturing info, selfprompting glossary secrets, and much more. Individual NULL, "shortline" and "//c De-Trashing" patches are available free on written or phone helpline request. Their mailing address is Box 809, Thatcher AZ 85552.

Don Lancaster Thatcher AZ

Don Lancaster is the well known author of such books as TTL Cookbook and Enhancing Your Apple II, Vol. 1. Don could use some help from our readers because Howard Sams has been delaying the publication of Enhancing Your Apple II, Vol. 2. Call or write Bill Oliphant at Howard W. Sams, 4300 West 62nd St, Indianapolis, IN 46268, 317-298-5612 and tell him you want to see this book in print immediately.

Don's company, Synergetics, also sells a RESET modification kit for the Apple //e which will allow you to RESET into the monitor at will.

#### More Parms for Wanted List

The Super IOB program in Issue #9 is really useful, and I hope that you will publish

new controllers soon. I have some good news for those of you who own "Nibbles Away II". I have some parms for programs on the Most Wanted List.

To copy DB Master 4.0:

- Copy tracks Ø-22 Address = D5 AA 96 Override Standardizer
- 2) Gap byte  $1 = C\emptyset$ ,  $2 = D\emptyset$
- 3) Filter =  $C\emptyset$ -C8 (no inverse)

For Visiblend:

- 1) Copy 0-22 Address = D5 AA 96 (Errors on tracks 3&4, OK)
- 2) Modify sector [F = 16, C = OFF, T =  $\emptyset\emptyset$ , S =  $\emptyset$ 3]
- 3) Change address 84 from 4C to AD 85 from BE to E9 86 from AE to B7

Hope these are of use to some of you. Also, for those who have Disk Muncher 1.0 or 1.1, it will copy all Infocom games and some Synergistic Software programs. I'll keep the parms rolling in.

Geoff Allen Toronto, Ontario Canada

#### **Word Processor Recommendation**

I would like to commend you on providing practical applications and reviews. I was getting very frustrated with the "graphics" issues because they were very limited in scope. If possible, I would like to see a softkey for the BPI accounting packages, in particular, the general ledger program. Backups are \$30 from the company and I feel that this should be provided in the already inflated price of the program. As far as word processing goes, I have tried several: Super Text, Screenwriter, AppleWriter, Magic Windowand now I have found a simple, complete, unprotected, high quality word processor in "The Write Choice" by Roger Wagner. \$44.95 is an extremely low price for such a versatile package, which includes program and style manuals as well as a typing tutor.

Dale Perrymore Fort Smith AR

Dale: In a trend we hope more publishers will follow, Roger Wagner Publishing has both lowered the prices and removed the copyprotection of its software.

#### Integer Card In A //e

I am sure everyone realizes the benefits of having an Integer firmware card in their machine-instant access to the monitor. If you are like me though, you have an Apple //e with all the slots filled, including an 80-column card. There is one slot empty, but everyone knows you can't use slot 3 if you

have an 80-column card...or can you? Turns out that if you remove the switch from the firmware card and carefully make a threewire "extension cord" for it so you have access to it outside the case, the card will fit in slot 3 and permit instant monitor resets without apparent interference of any kind in the operation of the 80-column firmware! The only drawback is that the card is not accessible by the normal DOS "INT" command. However, that too is easily fixed. There are three ways to "repoint" DOS to slot 3. One is to POKE 23112,176 and POKE 23104,177 in a "HELLO" program. Another is to go into the monitor directly and put a \$BØ in location \$A5B8 and a \$B1 in location \$A5CØ. If you want to make the change permanent, either "INIT" with the POKEd DOS or use a sector editor to directly change Track 1, Sector 4, byte \$B8 to \$BØ and byte \$CØ to \$B1. You now have the ability to use Applesoft from the motherboard, Integer from ROM, use the "language card" in its usual fashion, and instant access to the monitor all in an Apple //e. Not bad!

Kenneth W. Watters, Jr. Bellevue WA

#### Hardcore for IBM? MacHardcore?

How about a Hardcore Computist for the IBM PC and compatibles? It can be just as much a problem there to make backups for one's software as with the Apple's. The IBM's market is growing even faster than Apple's, is it not?

Does subcription to your magazine have any advantage to an Apple Macintosh user? Program modifications? Real software reviews? How to get around Microsoft's nutty protected disks? How to build new programs? Please advise.

NOTE: The two letters above are representative of numerous letters we have received recently requesting copy protection information for computers other than the Apple II series. At this time we have no definite plans to cover other computers, although we heartily agree that there is a need for this type of information.

Please let us know whether you would like to see Hardcore COMPUTIST include information related to copy protection on any of the other popular micro's.

•

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- Add custom modifications such as fast-DOS to speedup LOADs and SAVEs

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## READERS' SOFTKEY & COPY EXCHANGE

#### Softkey For SoftPorn Adventure By Wes Felty

SoftPorn Adventure Sierra On-Line Systems 36575 Mudge Ranch Road Coarsegold, CA 93614

Requirements: SoftPorn Adventure One blank disk Copy II + or MUFFIN

After several sojourns into the semi-sleazy world of Sierra On-Line's SoftPorn Adventure, I attempted to SAVE a game in progress, but was only rewarded with an "I/O error." I then decided that this disk needed to be moved to a normal DOS. The steps are quite simple and illustrate some of the basic steps for "de-protecting" many other programs.

First of all, this program is bootable under either DOS 3.2 or DOS 3.3. For many disks like this, all it takes to break the basic protection scheme is to "MUFFIN" the file over to a normal DOS 3.3 disk. On SoftPorn Adventure, however, there are some other fairly simple protection schemes which also have to be removed.

#### Conversion to Normal DOS

You will need a formatted DOS 3.3 disk to copy the SoftPorn files onto so you should INIT a blank disk if you don't already have one at hand. Then, either BRUN MUFFIN from the DOS 3.3 System Master or the normal copy mode of COPY ][+. If you use COPY ][+, set the source disk to DOS 3.2 and the destination to DOS 3.3. Copy (or MUFFIN) all files except 'HELLO' to the 3.3 disk using the wildcard character ("=").

#### **Unusual File Names**

An old method of protecting files on a disk was to include control characters within the name or the use of characters that couldn't be entered from the keyboard.

SoftPorn Adventure's files are named "CHAIN", "HELLO", "\\\", "\\\", and "---"

Modern copy programs such as COPY ][+ have no trouble displaying titles like this or copying the programs. The Apple //e allows direct entry of these characters, but on an Apple II or II + about the only way to get control characters and characters not on the keyboard is to do a CATALOG and then

use ESC I's and the right arrow key to trace over the file names. Of course, if you have a disk editor you can use it to change the file names directly on the directory sectors, although I would not recommend doing this to an original disk. The use of the wildcard character when transferring files using FID eliminates the any problems caused by the use of unusual file names.

I recommend not renaming the files on the SoftPorn Adventure disk. If you wish they can be easily LOADed and LISTed by CATALOGing and using ESC I and the right arrow key. If you change the names then you will also have to change the names inside the programs. A "\" shows up in a program as "LOG" and "\_" shows up as "SIN". In "\_\_\_\_\_", lines 550, 560, and 580 refer to "\\\" Lines 520, 530, and 540 refer to "\_\_\_\_" and line 610 refers to "\_\_\_\_", line 510 in the program "\\\" refers to "\\\". Line 510 in the program "\\\" refers to "\_\_\_".

#### **Nibble Count**

SoftPorn's first line of defense actually isn't its DOS, but the use of a nibble count. Checking through the HELLO program, I found that its only real function was to perform the nibble count. Therefore, don't bother copying it or delete it after transfer. RENAME "\_\_\_\_\_" on your new disk as HELLO. Next, LOAD HELLO and DELETE line # 347 which again checks the nibble count, and SAVE HELLO again.

#### The RESET Vector

The last step in the deprotection of this program is the disabling of the "on RESET, BOOT" command. To do this, type LOAD HELLO and then list line  $\emptyset(LIST\emptyset,1)$ . Delete the "POKE  $1\emptyset11,\emptyset$ " and the "POKE  $1\emptyset12,\emptyset$ " commands. These pokes set up the RESET vector so that it will BOOT when RESET is pressed. Save HELLO again and you have a fully broken SoftPorn AD-VENTURE.

#### Advanced Pornography Technique?

The deprotected SoftPorn Adventure disk works just like the original, except that you can now save a game in progress, even onto the game disk itself. Just ignore the prompts to switch disks. You may also list the BAS-IC programs by LOADing them using the right arrow retype. You can also read the Text files using COPY ][+'s "VIEW FILES/TEXT" option for some clues for playing the game. You can even RESET from within a game, give yourself a million dollars (enter M = 10000), and enter CONT to get back into the game. One final clue for the game. As the serpent told Eve: "One

man's garbage is another man's gain."

Recapping, here are the necessary steps for making a backup of SoftPorn Adventure.

1) Use MUFFIN from the DOS 3.3 Master disk to transfer all the files except "HEL-LO" from the original SoftPorn Adventure over to a formatted DOS 3.3 disk. Use the wildcard character ("="), with prompting, when making the transfer

#### **BRUN MUFFIN**

Alternatively, the normal file transfer utility from COPY ][+ can be used if the original DOS is set to 3.2 and the copy DOS is set to 3.3.

2) RENAME the file called "\_\_\_\_\_" on the copied disk as "HELLO."

#### RENAME .HELLO

If you have an APPLE II or II + you will need COPY |[+ or a disk editor to change the file name. CATALOGing the disk and then using ESC I's and the right arrow key will also work.

3) The final step removes the nibble count check from the "HELLO" program and keeps it from rebooting if the RESET key is hit during play of the game. We will remove line 347 completely, and remove the commands POKE 1011,0 and POKE 1012,0 before resaving the file.

LOAD HELLO 347 Ø POKE 34,0: POKE 35,24: CLEAR SAVE HELLO

#### Softkey For The Einstein Compiler Version 5.3 By Marco Hunter

The Einstein Compiler The Einstein Corporation 11340 W. Olympic Blvd. Los Angeles, CA 90064

#### Requirements:

48K Apple II + or equivalent
One disk drive with DOS 3.3
A blank disk COPYA program on DOS 3.3
System Master
A sector editing program
The Einstein Compiler 5.3

Although it has a few shortcomings, the Einstein Compiler is probably the best of its kind available. The compiler produces a file which is usually saved as a huge Applesoft program and tricks DOS into thinking it is

#### Softkey For MASK OF THE SUN (A Correction) By Gary Wolfe

Requirements:

Apple ][ + or equivalent One disk drive Backup of Mask Of The Sun disk Sector Editor such as DiskEdit or ZAP

After following the procedure described by John J. Liska in his article "Softkey For Mask Of The Sun" (Hardcore COMPUTIST 7, Vol. 3, No. 3) page 27, I discovered a minor flaw in the backup procedure. When I tried to save the game, I found myself in the monitor looking at the contents of A, X, Y, and S. The 6502 had evidently executed a BReak instruction (op code 00) which displays the contents of the various 6502 registers. Leaving a BRK instruction in finished code is not considered good programming practice.

Looking things over, I discovered that the problem was in a routine that switches from the protected DOS used on Mask Of The Sun to standard 3.3 DOS so that the games can be saved onto normal disks. This routine is nestled into some free space in DOS at \$BA69-\$BA95. Since the backup procedure produces a disk that uses normal DOS 3.3, this routine is not present, nor is it needed.

To make your backup work properly when you want to save a game you need to put some valid code in the \$BA69-\$BA95 area to prevent the crash. This code won't do anything except perform a RTS (Return From Subroutine) instruction when it is called. This change can be made with a sector editing program. The necessary steps are detailed below.

#### Making The Correction

- 1) Boot up your sector editor and read in track \$0, sector \$C of the backup copy of Mask Of The Sun. This sector is read into page \$BA of memory.
- 2) Change bytes \$69-\$94 all to EA's (NOP instructions) and byte \$95 to a 60 (RTS).
- 3) Rewrite the sector back to the disk.

Your backup copy of Mask Of The Sun will now work just like the original did, including the SAVE GAME command. However, it is still up to you to figure out how to get past the snake.

loading an Applesoft file, when it is actually loading a compiled program as well as a library of subroutines. But that is for a review, and this is a softkey. Suffice it to say that Einstein is most likely your best bet in Applesoft compilers.

Einstein is a program which resides on an essentially normal disk. The infamous nibble count technique is used to ensure that an original disk is being used. The procedure for locating a nibble count usually involves much time, knowledge of assembly language and assembly language tricks. A little luck can also come in handy. Fortunately, all nibble counts involve some method of accessing the disk. Since a disk controller card can reside in any of the Apple's slots, the nibble count must adjust itself to the slot being used. The most popular method is to load the X or Y register with the slot number (technically the slot number \* 16) and then to access the location C08C + X or C08E + X. In assembly language, it would look like this.

## LDA \$CØ8C,X LDA \$CØ8E,X LDA \$CØ8C,Y LDA \$CØ8E,Y

Note: other options include LDY \$C08E,X and LDX \$C08C,Y.

Since both the register loaded and the index used can change, it is best to search for CØ8C or CØ8E. Because two byte addresses are always reversed in machine language the bytes to search for are 8C CØ and 8E CØ. After locating these bytes on a disk, preferably with a disk search utility such as Bag of Tricks or The CIA, you should disassemble the code to find out if it is truly a nibble count. Try to avoid searching tracks Ø-2 because these generally contain DOS or some type of RWTS which are usually full of 8CCØ's, but not nibble counts. Many times the code around a nibble count will contain many PLA's and PHA's. The software companies hope that by playing around with the stack they can fool most people.

Once you have located a nibble count, you can eliminate it in sveral ways. You could either put an RTS (return from subroutine) at the beginning, NOP (no-operation, which does nothing) the entire routine, jump out of it, or avoid jumping into it in the first place. Keep in mind, however, that some companies also protect their disks by including checksum routines which can detect the presence of altered code. Sierra On-Line is one company known to do this (See the article "Softkey for Sierra On-Line Software" on page 24 of Hardcore COMPUTIST No.

Of course, some knowledge of assembly language is an invaluable aid when tracking down protection schemes. If you don't happen to know any assembly language yet, it would be well worth your time to pick up a good book on it. Assembly language is not as mysterious and hard to learn as many people would have you believe. If you can just learn the hexadecimal number system and

condition yourself to think in it when necessary, half the battle of learning assembly language will be behind you. Even if you never write a single assembly language program, just being able to follow code written by others is a valuable skill.

Well, enough talk. On to the process! I located the bytes on Einstein and figured out a way to jump around the routine, so that everything went as normal.

- 1) Make a copy of Einstein with COPYA.
- 2) Use your sector editor to modify:

| track | sector | byte | old | new |  |
|-------|--------|------|-----|-----|--|
| Ø8    | 04     | 2A   | BD  | 4C  |  |
| Ø8    | 04     | 2B   | 8C  | E2  |  |
| Ø8    | 04     | 2C   | CØ  | 91  |  |

H

#### Bugs In Hardcore COMPUTIST No. 9 & 10

The SUPER IOB article in issue No.9 contained two typographical errors that may have caused problems for some. Here is a correction of them:

#### Page 14, column 1

The first line number in the Standard Controller should be 1000, not 0000.

#### Page 22, column 1

In line 380 of the program there should be a blank space after the word copy and the equal sign (=). Line 380 should have read:

380 A\$ = "VOLUMEANUMBERAFORA COPYA=>254" : HOME : GOSUB 450 : HTAB 32 : INPUT "" ; VL\$ : VL = VAL ( VL\$) : IF VL\$ = "" THEN VL = 254

This error does not affect the functioning of SUPER IOB, but it will produce a program with checksums that do not match the ones which we printed.

We also neglected to include a byline on the title page of the article, "Softkey for The Bank Street Writer". The article was co-authored by Earl Taylor and Steve Morgan. Our apologies to Earl and Steve.

## Copy II Plus (4.4C) By Dr. Phillip Romine

The recently released version of Copy Two Plus (4.4C) looks very much like Version 4.1 in its display and external characteristics, and most of the parameters remain unchanged. But don't be misled by externals. In default copying performance the new Copy Two Plus has made a quantum leap and now compares favorably with the very best of the other bit copiers.

#### GENERAL FEATURES

The relatively few changes in appearance and format definitely make Version 4.4C easier to use, the most important of which are questions that allow the user to choose synchronization and/or nibble count preservation directly from the menu (the older version required a parameter change). The queries about slot number have also been omitted. The parameters which have been changed are also definite improvements: the default header value of D5 AA B5 on the older version has been changed to D5 AA 96 for the more common DOS 3.3 disks and the parameter which instructs the copier to clean the sync fields now defaults to off. The manual update describes a few other positive parameter modifications.

An important improvement which is not evident from viewing the title page and menu (nor mentioned in the manual update) is that Version 4.4C will read and write quarter and three-quarter tracks. The only visible evidence of this new capability appears after the user has typed in a quarter or threequarter track instruction. When the copier begins to function, the display which shows the track currently being read (upper left on the monitor screen) does display the appropriate .25 or .75.

By failing to mention this useful feature, the authors run the risk that a customer could use Copy Two Plus for months and never realize that it will handle quarter

Copy Two Plus 4.4C will copy itself with parameters left at their default settings. Central Point Software has frequently been commended for this positive backup philosophy, and happily it has continued.

Finally, the excellent collection of D.O.S. utilities on the older II Plus are unchanged on the new disk.

#### - PERFORMANCE -

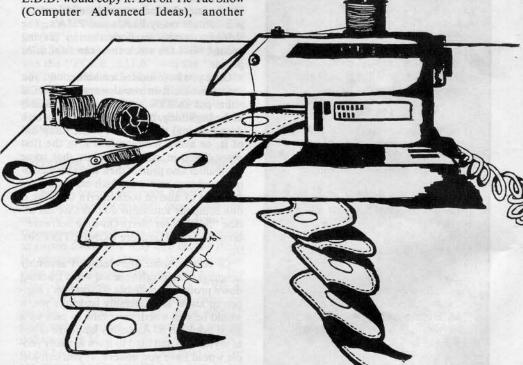
How good is Copy II Plus 4.4C? It's now one of the two best bit copiers available. I recently compared the performance of five of the most popular bit copiers across a sample of 20 disks ranging from barely protected to heavily protected (Hardcore COMPUTIST, Issue No. 8). Upon receiving the updated Copy II+, I used it on these same 20 disks to judge its relative performance against its competitors. I can say unequivocally that it out-performed the old Copy II+, Nibbles Away II (C3), Back It Up III, and Locksmith 5.0, all by a wide margin. Its strongest competitor was Essential Data Duplicator III. Copy II+ handled one more of these disks than E.D.D. with parms at their default settings, but there was one disk (Seafox from Broderbrund) which I could not copy with II+ but could copy with E.D.D. I also found one disk outside this sample of 20 that E.D.D. would copy in its default condition that Copy II + wouldn't handle - Locksmith 5.0, Revision Level D. However, the regular copy program from the II+ disk will copy this version of Locksmith faster and more easily than E.D.D.

Overall, the two copiers were so close in performance on these 20 disks that I scrounged up several more difficult disks to compare further, but was still unable to establish a clearcut winner. On the Sensible Speller IV (Sensible Software), Copy II+ was clearly the better performer, although E.D.D. would copy it. But on Tic Tac Show

An Old Ethend other disks, on to a dead heat. Generally, with the exceptions mentioned earlier, both copiers will copy the same disks, but one often does so more easily than the other. And undoubtedly Copy II + would handle the Seafox disk if I had the proper parameter settings - those provided in the listing are for another version of Seafox/-Choplifter.

> From this experimentation, I was able to form some general impressions: Copy II+ finds the track start/end better than E.D.D. on most disks. There are fewer error codes and fewer tracks to recopy. On the rare occasions that these copiers need address or data headers, Copy II + seems to work better after the header has been provided.

> Copy II+ also has the more precise syncing. On some of the Plato disks (Control Data) E.D.D., in addition to choosing



the sync option, needs Parm 17 set to FF to tighten up the syncing and get copies which work. Likewise, Back It Up III needs global parm 8F7E set to BA for the same purpose. Copy II + requires no parameter changes beyond choosing the sync option.

#### Table 1

#### BACK IT UP III (Sensible Software)

Tracks 0 and 03 with sync Tracks 04-12, normal

#### CAREER DIRECTIONS (Systems Design Associates)

Tracks 0.25 thru 22.25

Parm 3E = 2 on all tracks

Program disk and data base disk are the same

#### MICROSUBTRACTION (Hayden Software)

Tracks 00-22 with sync Parms 00 = 4, 30 = 06, 3E = 2 for all tracks (Track 05 may have to be recopied repeatedly; error code OK.)

#### TIC TAC SHOW (Computer Advanced Ideas, Inc.)

Tracks 6-22, normal
Track 0 with sync
Tracks 1.5-4.5 with sync
(Recopy tracks 0, 1.5-4.5 repeatedly if
necessary. Erasing first may help.)

## SENSIBLE SPELLER IV (Sensible Software)

Tracks 0, 2-22, normal
Tracks 01 with keep track length (nibble count) option
Recopy track 1 (the "dongle" track) repeatedly if necessary.
Use the same drive for the nibble count if necessary.

#### SCREENWRITER II (Sierra On-Line)

Tracks 0-22
Parm 3E = 2 on all tracks
(Note: There are other versions with slightly different protection.)

#### PFS GRAPH (Software Publishing Co.)

Tracks 0-22, normal.

## WHOLE NUMBERS: PLATO (Control Data Corp.)

Tracks 0-22 with sync Parm 30 = 06 for all tracks

## GERMAN SHOPPING VOCABULARY: PLATO (Control Data Corp.)

Tracks 0.25-22.25, normal

#### BANK STREET WRITER (Scholastic)

Track 0, normal
Tracks 1.25-1C.25, normal
(Note: This is not the Broderbrund version
of BSW)

On the other hand, E.D.D. has the better automatic nibble counting routine. Copy II + is much more prone to give a nibble count error, although the copied disk will sometimes work anyhow. Probably the nibble count tolerance required by some disks is less than the Copy II + default tolerance setting. Unless drive speeds are almost exactly the same, it is often better to use only one disk drive with Copy II + to preserve a nibble count. This is no problem when only one track is involved, but can be laborious if much nibble counting is necessary. E.D.D. is also faster, although not by much.

#### COST EFFECTIVENESS -

Copy II + 4.4C wins this competition hands down. Its price from Central Point Software has been held to \$39.95, the same as the 4.1 Version. I'm sure the discounters will have it for less very soon. Thus, with roughly equivalent performance, and with many additional features on its diskette which E.D.D. doesn't offer, Copy II Plus 4.4C is only half the price of E.D.D. Compared with Locksmith 5.0, Copy II + is a virtual bonanza, offering clearly superior performance, features, and parameters at little more than one third the Locksmith price.

#### - PARMS -

After a quick scrutiny, it would be easy to conclude that the parameter listing for the 4.4C version is sparse. This really isn't true, however, because Central Point also provides a copy of their final parameter listing for Version 4.1. This listing, in my opinion the most complete for any bit copier, can be used with Copy II + 4.4C when necessary. Often it isn't needed because of the superior default performance of the new version.

In trying out Copy II + 4.4C, I've discovered a few parms not in the listing which I'll pass along. See **Table 1**.

#### - SUMMARY -

Copy II + 4.4C is, in my judgement, the most cost effective and versatile of all the popular bit copiers, and also one of the two best copiers now available. My sample of disks was not randomly selected, and obviously cannot be free from bias, so I honestly can't say whether I'd choose Copy II + or E.D.D. if I could have only one of them. The fact is that I wouldn't be without either one!

H

#### ATTENTION ADVENTURERS!

#### **Adventure Data Base**

Hardcore COMPUTIST is looking for more adventure hints to any of the popular adventure/fantasy games sold for the Apple II, II Plus or //e. These will be used in our regular column, ADVENTURE TIPS.

#### Your Clues, Please

We prefer that these hints not be dead giveaway solutions to dilemmas presented by the particular game, but instead contain just enough information to nudge the stumped adventurer towards the solution to his/her problem.

#### **How & Where**

So, if you know how to open the jewel-encrusted egg, how to plug the hole in the rowboat, where to find the key to the treasure chest, or any other tidbits of information that may be helpful to your fellow traveler, please send this information on a 3×5 postcard to:

Hardcore COMPUTIST Attention: Adventure Tips P.O. Box 44549K Tacoma, WA 98444

P.S. Please don't forget to include the name of the adventure game to which your hint pertains and the name of the manufacturer.

## ADVENTURE TIPS

#### Essential Data Duplicator Parameter List #3-3.1

Before you attempt to make a backup copy of one of your software packages, check to see if it is on this list first. If so, copy it as listed. If not, try using the normal mode. If it still doesn't copy correctly, refer to the EDD manual for possible help.

If the program you are trying to backup is not on this list, look for other programs on this list published from the same company. If you find one, try to backup your program the same way as the one listed. Often a software company will protect all of their disks in the same way. This is especially true of older programs.

If a large percentage of read or write errors occur, try changing parameter 28 to the value of 1 or 3.

This list contains many protected software packages. To make backup copies of these programs you will need to understand the coding used:

kev:

t = TRACK START or END
inc = INCREMENT TRACK
parm = PARAMETER
mode# = PROCESS MODE#
normal = NORMAL; use only default
values.

If you see t5 on the list, you will need to press 5 when EDD asks for the START TRACK and also when EDD asks for the END TRACK. This way EDD will copy only track 5.

If you see t1-tA on the list, you will need to press 1 when EDD asks for the START TRACK and press A when EDD asks for the END TRACK.

If you see inc 1.5 on the list, you will need to press 1.5 when EDD asks for the INC TRACK.

If you see mode#3 on the list, you will need to press 3(auto nibble count) when EDD asks for the PROCESS MODE.

If you see normal on the list, you will not need to change any of the default values. Just press RETURN (keeping the default value) at all prompts.

If the key words inc or mode# are not present, use their default values (just

press RETURN).

Example: Lets say you have BEER RUN, and you want to make a backup copy of this protected disk. You would refer to BEER RUN on the list and it says:

BEER RUN: tØ parm 28 = 2 or 3 t1.5-tD.5 mode#2

You will need to copy two separate ranges of information from this disk. The first range is t0 parm 28 = 2 or 3. Before copying track 00, first use OPTION 2 (change parameters) from the OPTIONS MENU. Change parameter number 28 to the value of either a 2 or 3. Then copy track 00 by pressing 0 when EDD asks for the START TRACK and also when EDD asks for the END TRACK. To copy the second range; t1.5-tD.5 mode#2, you will need to copy track 1.5 through track D.5 using PROCESS MODE #2. Press 1.5 when EDD asks for the START TRACK, and press D.5 when EDD asks for the END TRACK. Press 2(sync tracks) when EDD asks for the PROCESS MODE.

Note: If the list tells you to "Write-protect before running", be sure there is a write-protect sticker on the copy BEFORE booting that disk!!!

\* This parameter list is for EDD version III only. These parameters may not work with earlier versions.

Parameters provided courtesy of Utilico Microware.

A2-FS1 (SL): t0-t6 inc 1.5 t7-t8 t9.5-t1A.5 tC-t21 inc 1.5 A2-FS2 ver 1.0 (SL):mode-4 ABM (MU):normal ACE CALC (ART):normal \* ACE WRITER (ART):normal \* ADVENTURE (MIS):normal ADVENTURES COMPUTER LITERACY (UNK):normal \* AE (BS): side B:normal side A: t0 parm 28 = 1 or 3 t1.5-tC.5 tE - t1E.5 inc 1.5

AIRSIM-1 (MS):normal write-protect before booting? ALI BABA & 40 THIEVES (QS):normal \* ALIEN ADDITION (UNK):normal \* ALGEBRA I (EW): normal ALGEBRA II (EW): normal \* ALGEBRA III (EW):normal \* ALKEMSTONE (UNK):normal ALLIGATOR MIX (DLM):normal \* ALPINE SKIER SERIES (UNK):normal \* APPLE "21" (UNK):normal APPLE CIDER SPIDER (SOL):normal \* APPLE CILLIN (UNK):normal \* APPLE FORTRAN (AC):normal \* APPLE LINK (UNK):normal \* APPLE LOGO ver 1.0:(AC) normal \*

or try: \* t0 - t20 t21.25-t22.25 mode-2 APPLE MUSIC THEORY (AC):mode-5 or -6 \* APPLE PANIC(BS):normal APPLE PASCAL (AC):normal \* APPLE PRESENTS-ERNIE'S QUIZ (AC):normal APPLE PRESENTS-INSTANT ZOO (AC):normal APPLE PRESENTS-MIX AND MATCH (AC):normal APPLE PRESENTS-SPOTLIGHT (AC):normal APPLESOFT-PART I (UNK):normal APPLESOFT TEACH ME (UNK):normal \* APPLE SPELLER III (UNK):mode-2 \* APPLE WORLD (USA):\* t0-t23 APPLE WRITER (AC):normal DEFAULT APPLE WRITER II (AC):normal APPLE WRITER IIe (AC):normal APPLE WRITER III: (AC) mode-2 \* APPLE WRITER 80 Column PRE-BOOT (UNK):normal APVENTURE TO ATLANTIS (SY):normal ARTIST (SOL):see Miner 2049er ASCII EXPRESS II (SDS):normal \* ASTEROID FIELD (UNK):normal AUDEX (UNK):normal AUTOBAHN (SRS):\* t0-t6 mode-2 t9.5-tC.5 AXIS ASSASSIN (EA) : \* t0 - t20 mode-2 t21.25-t22.25 mode-2 or try: t0 - t20 mode-2 t20.75-t21.75 mode-2 AZTEC (DM):normal BAG OF TRICKS (QS):\* t0-t14 parm 05 = 2 00 = 4 or try: t0-t14 parm 05 = 12 BANK STREET WRITER (BS): note: drive speed critical t0 -t1A t1B-t22 mode-4 or -3 BASIC NUMBER FACTS (UNK):normal \* BATTLE OF SHILOH (SSI):normal \* BATTLE OF NORMANDY (SSI):see Miner 2049er \* BATTLESIGHT (VER):normal BEER RUN (SRS): t0 parm 28 = 2 or 3 t1.5-tD.5 mode-2 BENDAR (UNK):normal \* BENEATH APPLE MANOR (QS):normal \* BERMUDA RACE (SAM):normal \* BIG DOOR DEAL SERIES (UNK):normal \* BILESTOAD (DM): BILL BUDGE 3-D GRAPHICS (CP):normal write-protect before booting! BILL BUDGE SPACE ALBUM (CP):normal BILL BUDGE TRILOGY OF GAMES (CP):normal BOLO (SY):normal \* BOOKENDS (SEN):see Sensible Speller IV BOOK KEEPER -1 & -2 (UNK):normal \* BORG (SRS): t1.5-t1B.5 tD-tE t0 parm 28 = 2 or 3 BOWLING (Data systems) (UNK):normal \* BPI ver 1.8 (AC):

| t0-t22 parm 08 = 18 09 = 0                 | CROSSCLUES (UNK):mode-2 *                 | to the second second part work to the second |
|--|---|--|
| BRIDGEMASTER (DY):normal *                 | CROSSFIRE (SOL):                          | t1.25-t22.25 mode-2                          |
| BROADSIDE (UNK):normal *                   | t0-t22                                    | DISK REPAIR KIT ver 2.2 (UNK):normal *       |
| BUG ATTACK:(CC)                            | t1 mode-3 or -4                           | 12.4 b model 2.4 cm model 2.4 cm             |
| t0-t22                                     | CROSSWORD MAGIC (both disks) (HLS):       | t1D-t22                                      |
| t1D mode-2                                 | old version: *                            | DLM Software (UNK):normal *                  |
| t22 mode-2                                 | t0-t22 mode-2                             | DOG FIGHT (UNK):normal * (t0-t1,t4-t9)       |
| BUILDING BETTER SENTENCES (UNK):normal *   | new version                               | DOLLARS & SENSE (MON): *                     |
| BUMBLE GAMES (LC):normal *                 | t0  | very hard to copy                            |
| BUMBLE PLOT (LC) :normal                   | t1.25-t2.25 mode-2                        | drive speed may be critical                  |
| BUSINESS BASIC III (AC):mode-2 *           | 13-t22                                    | t0-t23                                       |
| BUSINESS GRAPHICS (UNK):normal             | or try:                                   | t18 mode-3 or -4                             |
| BUSINESS GRAPHICS III (UNK):mode-2 *       | t0-t22 (front side)                       | DONKEY KONG (ATR):normal *                   |
| CAMPAIGN TRILOGY (SY):normal *             | t3.25 or t3.75                            | DOS ENHANCER (UNK):normal *                  |
| CANNONBALL BLITZ (SOL):normal              | (back side:normal)                        | DOW JONES NEWS QUOTE REPORT (AC):*           |
| CARTELS AND CUTTHROATS:(SS) normal *       | or try:                                   | t0-t22                                       |
| French version: normal *                   | t0  | tC parm 28 = 3                               |
| CASTLE WOLFENSTEIN (MU):normal             | t1.25-22.25 mode-2                        | DRAGON'S EYE (UNK):normal *                  |
| CAVERNS OF FREITAGE (MU):normal *          |   | DRAGON MIX (DLM):normal *                    |
|  | CRUSH, CRUMBLE & CHOMP (EP):normal *      | DUNG BEETLES (UNK):normal                    |
| CCA DATA MANAGEMENT (VCP):normal           | CRYPTO CUBE (UNK):normal *                | EARLY GAMES FOR YOUNG CHILDREN (LT):normal   |
| CDEX APPLEWRITER TUTORIAL (CX):normal *    | CUBIT (MM): *                             | EASY-WRITER (IU):normal *                    |
| CDEX MULTIPLAN TUTRIAL (CX):normal *       | t0-t22                                    | EDIT 6502 (LJK):normal *                     |
| CDEX VISICALC TUTORIAL (CX):normal *       | write-protect before booting!             | EDU-PAINT (EW):normal                        |
| CEILING ZERO (TKS):normal *                | CUSTOM MICRO SYSTEMS ASSEMBLER (UNK): *   |  |
| CHECKERS (OD):normal *                     | t0-t23                                    | EGGS IT (UNK):see Star Blazer                |
| t0-t6                                      | CYBER STRIKE (UNK):normal *               | EINSTEIN COMPILER (EIN):normal *             |
| CHESS 7.0 (OD):normal *                    | CYCLOD (UNK):normal *                     | ELECTRIC DUET (IN):normal                    |
| CHILDREN'S CARROUSEL (UNK):normal *        | DARK CRYSTAL (SOL):normal                 | ELEMENTARY MATH (UNK):normal *               |
| CHILDS PLAY (UNK):normal *                 | DARK FOREST (SRS):normal *                | ELIZA (UNK):normal *                         |
| CHOPLIFTER (BS):                           | DATA FACTORY 4.0 (ML):normal *            | EMPIRE 1; WORLD BUILDERS (EW):normal         |
| note: hard to copy                         | DATA PLOT (MU):normal *                   | ENCHANTER (IC):normal *                      |
| drive speed critical                       | DATA REPORTER (SY):mode-5 or 6 *          | ENCYLOPEDIA OF BRITANNICA EDU.CORP (UNK):*   |
| t0-tB parm 28 = 1 or 3                     | DATA TREE (UNK):normal                    | PHRASES & CLAUSES                            |
| tC.25-t21.25                               | DAVID'S MIDNIGHT MAGIC (BS):              | SUBJECTS & PREDICATES                        |
| t22  | note: drive speed critical                | disk-1:mode-2 disk-2:mode-3                  |
| or try:                                    | t0 - t12                                  | EPOCH (SRS):                                 |
| t0-tB parm 28 = 1 or 3                     | t13.25-t15.25                             | t0 parm 28 = 2 or 3                          |
| tB.75-t20.75                               | t22                                       | t1.5-t1F.5 mode-2                            |
| t22  | or try:                                   | EPYX SOFTWARE (EP):normal *                  |
| CLOCK (Hartley) (UNK):normal *             | to - tB                                   | or try: *                                    |
| CODEWRITER (UNK):normal *                  | tC.25- t15.25                             | t0-t22                                       |
| COLORING SERIES 1 (UNK):normal *           | t22                                       | t1.25  |
| COMPU CUBE (UNK):normal *                  | or see Choplifter                         | ESCAPE (UNK):normal *                        |
| COMPUTER AIR COMBAT:(SSI) normal *         | DAWN PATROL (TSR):normal *                | EVOLUTION (SYD): * t0.25-t18.25              |
| COMPUTER AMBUSH:(SSI) normal               | DB MASTER 3.0 (SW):*                      | EXECUTIVE SECRETARY (SFS):normal *           |
| COMPUTER AMBUSH II (SSI):normal *          | t0-t5                                     | EXPLORING LOGO (UNK):normal *                |
| COMPUTER BASEBALL and DATA (SSI):normal *  | t6.5-t22.5                                | E-Z DRAW (SRS):normal                        |
| COMPUTER BISMARK (SSI):normal              | DB MASTER 4.1 (SW)                        | E-Z LEARNER (UNK):normal *                   |
| COMPUTER LITERACY (UNK): *                 | program disks:                            | or try:*                                     |
| note: drive speed critical                 | t0-t5                                     | to to  |
| t0-t22 mode-5 or -6                        | t6.5-t22.5                                | t1.25-t22.25                                 |
| COMPUTER QUARTERBACK:(SSI) normal *        | t12.25-t13.25 parm 28 = 3 mode-2          | FACEMAKER:(SPN) normal *                     |
| CONGO (SN):normal                          | DEADLINE (IC):normal                      | FACTORY (UNK): *                             |
| COPTS & ROBBERS (SRS):see Epoch            | DEATH IN THE CARIBBEAN (ML):normal *      | t0-t8 mode-2                                 |
| COSMIC BALANCE (SSI):normal *              | DEMOLITION DIVISION (UNK):normal *        | t9.5 - t10.5 mode-2                          |
| COUNTING BEE (AW):normal *                 | DEMON'S FORGE (UNK):normal *              | t11.75-t17.75 mode-2                         |
| COVETED MIRROR (PEN) (both sides):normal * | DESKTOP PLAN II (VCP):normal              | t19.5 -t22.5 mode-2                          |
|  | DIG DUG (UNK):normal *                    | t18.5 mode-6                                 |
| or try:                                    | DISAPPEARING DOLPHIN (UNK):               | FANTASY 3 (UNK):normal *                     |
| t0-t22 parm 28 = 1                         | t0-t22                                    | FATHOMS 40 (UNK):                            |
| CRANSTON MANOR (SOL):                      |   | t1-t22                                       |
| 10-122                                     | recopy t9 until it boots                  | t0-t11 inc 11 mode-3 or -4                   |
| t18 mode-3 or -4                           | DISK EDIT 2.0 DISK EDITOR (CP/M) (UNK): * | FAX Data Disk (UNK): normal *                |
| CREATURE ADVENTURE (HCS):normal *          | 10  | program disk: *                              |
| CRIME STOPPER (HN):normal *                | t1.5 - t5.5                               | t0 - tD                                      |
| CRIME WAVE (PEN):normal (t0-t11) *         | 121.25-122.25                             |  |
| CRISIS MOUNTAIN (SY):normal *              | DISK-0-DOC II (UNK):normal *              | t2.75-t3.75                                  |
| CRITICAL MASS (SRS) side B:normal *        | DISK RECOVERY (SEN):normal *              | FCM (1ST CLASS MAIL) (CTS):normal            |
| side A:                                    | if that doesn't work try:                 | FIGHTER COMMAND (UNK):normal *               |
| t0-tA                                      | DISK RECOVERY (SEN):*                     | FINANCIAL FACTS (SAM):normal *               |
| t22 mode-3 or -4                           | drive speed critical                      | FIRE BUG (UNK):normal                        |

FLIGHT SIMULATOR II (SL):mode-4 FLIP OUT (SRS): t0-t20 (ignore errors) t21 parm 12 = 5 mode-3 or -4 t22 parm 46 = 0 47 = 0 48 = 0 2C = D5 2D = FF 28 = 10 39 = 10 FRACTIONS (Basic Concepts) (UNK): t0-t22 normal or parm 28 = 20 FRACTIONS, DECIMALS, & PERCENTS (UNK): 1 t0-t23 FREE FALL (SRS): \* t0-tA t21-t22 mode-3 or 4 FRENCH ACHIEVEMENT I (MCW):normal \* FRENCH-CLASSROOM WORDS (UNK):normal \* FRENCH-SHOPPING (UNK):normal ' FRENCH-TRAVEL (UNK):normal \* FRENCH-VOCABULARY BUILDER (CD):normal \* GALACTIC ATTACK (SIR):see Wizardry GALACTIC EMPIRE (BS):normal GALACTIC GLADIATORS (SSI):\* note: sometimes hard to copy t0-t20 t22.5 mode-2 t21.75 mode-2 t21.25 mode-2 t20.75 mode-2 GALACTIC REVOLUTION (UNK):normal GALACTIC TRILOGY (UNK):normal GALACTIC WARS (UNK):normal \* GAME SHOW & SUBJECTS (CAI):normal GAMMA GOBLINS (SRS):see Beer-Run \* GUADAL CANAL CAMPAIGN (SSI) \* t1-t22 t0 mode-3 GERMANY 1985 (SSI):normal \* GERMAN/ENGLISH HANGMAN (UNK):normal GIN RUMMY (UNK):normal \* GOLD RUSH (SN): \* t0.25-t10.25 GORGON:(SRS) t0 parm 28 = 2 or 3 t1.5-tE.5 mode-2 GO TO HEAD OF CLASS (UNK):mode-2 \* GRADE MASTER v1.2 (UNK):normal ' GRADE MASTER v1.23 (UNK):\* t0-t23 GRAND PRIX-EST/ROUND (UNK):normal \* GRAPHICS SOLUTION (UNK):normal \* HADRON (SRS):see Gorgon HAIL (UNK):normal HARDCORE (UNK):normal HARD HAT MACK (EA):see Axis Assassin HARTLEY MATH CONCEPTS (HRT):normal HARTLEY SOFTWARE (HRT):normal HEAD-ON (UNK):normal HELLFIRE WARRIOR (EP):normal HERCULES (UNK):normal \* HEY DIDDLE DIDDLE (UNK):normal HIGH RISE (ML):normal \* HIRES FOOTBALL (SOL):normal HIRES GOLF 2 (pro) (AG):normal \* HIRES SOCCER (SOL):normal HODGE PODGE (UNK):normal \* HOME ACCOUNTANT (CTS):normal HOMEWORD (SOL):normal t0-t22 parm 0 = 1

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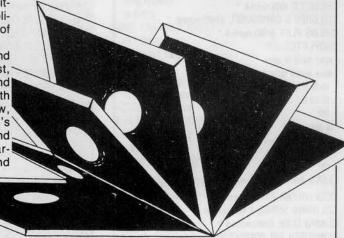
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| Continued from page 12   |
|--|
| HORIZON IV (GB): *   |
| t0.25-t22.25 mode-2<br>HOW 'BOUT A NICE GAME OF CHESS (UNK):normal *                                       |
| HSD STATS PROGRAMS (HSD):normal * HUMAN SYSTEMS DYNAMICS DISKS (HSD):normal * IFR SIMULATOR (UNK):normal * |
| ILLUSTRATOR (UNK):   |
| t0-t0.75 inc 0.75  |
| t11-t12<br>t21-t22   |
| t1.5-tD.5 parm 28 = 40 57 = CD   |
| 59 = D5 5E = 7F 5F = 7F  |
| tE.75-tF.75  |
| t13-t20 I LOVE AMERICA (UNK):normal *  |
| INCREDIBLE JACK (BUS):normal *   |
| INFORMATION MASTER (UNK):normal *  |
| INTERNATIONAL GRAND PRIX (MU):normal (t0-tC) * INTRO TO MICROCOMPUTERS (UNK):normal *                      |
| INVASION ORION (UNK):normal *  |
| JAWBREAKER:(SOL)   |
| t0-t22   |
| t3 mode-3 or -4  JIGSAW (ML):normal *  |
| JUMP JET (AG):normal *   |
| JUMP MAN (UNK):back:normal *   |
| front:<br>t0-t21   |
| t.75   |
| KABUL SPY (SRS):see Flip Out *   |
| KALEIDO-SOUND (UNK):normal *   |
| KAVES OF KARKHAN:normal * KEY PERFECT (MSP):normal *   |
| KINDERCOMP (UNK):normal *  |
| KNIGHT OF DIAMONDS (SIR):(both sides):<br>19-122   |
| t0-t8 mode-2 or -5 or -6   |
| note: drive speed critical   |
| write-protect boot side!!!  L.A. LAND MONOPOLY (CTS):normal  |
| LABYRINTH (BS):see Choplifter  |
| LADY TUT (CP):normal *   |
| LAST GLADIATOR (EA):see Axis Assassin  LAZERSILK (UNK):see Russki Duck *                                   |
| LEARNING BRIDGE MADE EZ (UNK):normal *   |
| LEARNING WITH LEEPER (SOL):normal *  |
| LEGACY OF LLYLGAMYN (SIR):* note:very hard to copy   |
| drive speed critical   |
| write-protect both sides   |
| boot side;   |
| t0-t22 mode-3<br>scenario side;  |
| t0-t22 mode-5  |
| or try: *  |
| t0.25- t22.25<br>LES BATISSEURS D'EMPIRE (SOL): *  |
| side B:normal  |
| side A:  |
| t0 - t20<br>t21.25-t22.25  |
| LETTER PERFECT:(LJK) normal *  |
| LINGUIST (UNK):normal *  |
| LISP (DS):normal *   |

note: very hard to copy

t11

```
t12.25-t22.25 parm 00 = 2
 t0 parm 00 = 0 28 = 2
LOCK-IT-UP (UNK):normal
or try:
 t1-t22
 t0 parm 28 = 1 29 = 0
 or try:
 t1-t22
 t0 parm 28 = 30 32 = AF 33 = AA 3B = 0
 3C = 0 39 = 6B...6F
 if ERR1 is displayed when booting:
 write-protect before booting
 if ERR3 is displayed:
 increase parm 39, recopy t0
LODE RUNNER (BS):
 note: very hard to copy
 drive speed critical
 t3-tC
  tD.25-t20.75 inc 1.5 mode-2
LOLLIPOP DRAGON (UNK):normal *
MAGICALC (ART):normal *
MAGIC MEMORY (ART):normal *
MAGIC SPELLS (UNK): *
  t0-t22 mode-2
  t2.75-t3.75 mode-2
MAGIC WINDOW (ART):normal *
MAIL LIST MANAGER III (UNK):mode-2 *
MARAUDER (SOL):normal *
MASQUERADE (both sides) (UNK):normal *
MASTER DIAGNOSTICS:(UNK) normal *
MASTERING PARTS OF SPEECH (UNK):mode-2 *
MASTER TYPE:(LNS) see Lock-It-Up
MATCH WITS (UNK):normal *
MATH CONCEPTS I & II (UNK):normal
MATH GAMES (UNK):normal *
MATH MAZE (UNK):normal *
MATHWARE SYSTEMS (UNK):
  t0-t22
  t3 parm 12 = 2 mode-3 or -4
MEGAFINDER (UNK):normal *
 drive speed critical
MEGASPELL (UNK): normal *
 drive speed critical
MEGAWRITER (MH):normal *
 drive speed critical
MERLIN ASSEMBLER (SDS):normal *
MESSAGE CENTER (UNK):normal *
METEOR MULTIPLICATION (DLM):normal *
METEOROIDS IN SPACE (UNK):normal
  t0-3
  t11-t13 inc 2
METRI-VERT (UNK):normal *
MICRO BARMATE (UNK):normal *
MICROBE (SY):normal *
MICRO COOKBOOK (VC):normal *
MICRO-COURIER (MC):
  t0-t21 parm 28 = 3
MICROWAVE (CC):normal *
  or try: *
  t0-t22
  t11 mode-3
 MILLIKEN MATH SERIES (MPS):normal
 MILLIONAIRE (BCS):normal *
 MINER 2049er (ML):
  t1-t22
   t0 parm 28 = 1 or 3 mode-3 or -4
 MINGS CHALLENGE (UNK):see Miner 2049er *
 MINUS MISSION (UNK):normal *
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MIRV (UNK):normal \* MISSING RING (UNK):normal \* MISSION ASTEROID (SOL):normal MR.COOL (UNK):mode-2 \* MOPTOWN (UNK): \* t0-t22 parm 28 = 3 MOPTOWN HOTEL (UNK): \* t2.25-t1E.25 mode-2 MOPTOWN PARADE (UNK): \* t0-t2 mode-2 t3.25-t20.25 mode-2 or try: \* t0-t2 mode-2 t2.75-t21.75 mode-2 MORLOC'S TOWER (EP):normal \* MOUSKATTACK (SOL):normal \* MULTIDISK CATALOG III (SEN):normal ' MULTIPLAN (MIS):\* t0-t22 tA mode-3 or -4 MURDER BY THE DOZEN (CBS):normal MUSIC MAKER (SL):normal \* MUSICOMP (SL):normal MUSIC CONSTRUCTION SET (EA): see Axis Assassin MYSTERY HOUSE (SOL):normal French version:normal \* NEPTUNE (UNK):see Russki Duck \* NIGHTMARE GALLERY (SY):normal \* NIGHT MISSION PINBALL (SL):normal NIKROM MASTER DIAGNOSTICS II & II\$ (NIK):normal or try: t0-t22 parm 7 = 1 write-protect before booting! recopy track 0 until boot NORTH ATLANTIC 86 (SSI):normal NURSERY STORY (UNK):normal \* NURSERY TIME (UNK):normal \* ODYSSEY (SY):normal OIL BARONS (UNK):normal \* OLDORF'S REVENGE (HCS):normal \* OLYMPIC DECATHLON: (MIS) normal OLYMPIC INSURANCE SYSTEMS (UNK):normal ONE ON ONE (EA):see Axis Assassin 00-TOPOS:(SN) normal \* OPERATION APOCALYPSE (SSI):normal \* OUTPOST:(SRS) see Beer Run PARTHIAN KINGS (UNK):normal \* PDQ DATA BASE (UNK):normal \* PEEPING TOM (ML):normal \* PEGASUS II (SOL):see Jawbreaker PENSATE (PEN):normal (t0-t11) \* PERSONAL FINANCE MANAGER (AC):normal PFS-FILE (SPC): write-protect before booting!!! note: drive speed critical t1-t22 t0 mode-3 or -4 recopy track '0' until it boots or try: " t0-t22 parm 28 = 40 mode-3 or -4 PFS-FILE IIe (SPC):see PFS FILE PFS-GRAPH (SPC):see PFS FILE \* PFS-REPORTS (SPC):see PFS File PFS-WRITE (SPC):normal \* or see PFS FILE PHANTOMS FIVE:(SRS) see Epoch PHOTAR (STP):normal (t0-tB)

PICTUREWRITER:see Lock-It-Up \* PIE MAN (PEN):normal (t0-t12) \* PILL BOX (UNK):normal \* PINBALL CONSTRUCTION SET (EA):normal or see Axis Assassin PLANETFALL (IC):normal \* or try: \* t0-t22 mode-2 PLANTIN PAL (UNK):normal \* POLICE ARTIST (SIR):normal \* POOL 1.5 (IDSI):mode-2 POOYAN (UNK):mode-2 (t0-tF) \* PORTFOLIO MASTER 3.1 (IS):normal \* PRESIDENT ELECT (SSI):normal \* PRINTER CONTRL PGM (UNK):normal \* PRINTOGRAPHER (SDS):normal \* PRINTWHIZ (UNK):mode-2 \* PRISONER (EW):normal PRISONER II (EW):\* t0.25-22.25 mode-3 PROFESSIONAL BLACKJACK (INT):normal \* PROGRAMMER (UNK):normal \* PULSAR II (SRS): t0 - t19 t1A.5-t1D.5 PUNCTUATION SKILLS (UNK):normal \* PURSUIT OF THE GREAT SPEE (SSI):\* t0 mode-4 t1.25-t22.25 mode-6 QUARK CATALYST III (QRK):mode-2 \* QUEEN OF PHOBOS (PH):normal (t0-t1A) QUEST (both sides) (PEN):normal \* QUEST FOR TIRES (SOL):normal ' RANDAMN (MGN):\* t0-t22 mode-2 drive speed critical RAPID READER (UNK): \* t0 t1.25-t22.25 RASTER BLASTER (BC):\* t3.5-tF.5 inc4 t5 - t11 inc4 t6 - t12 inc4 REACH FOR THE STARS (UNK):normal \* READING BEE (UNK):normal \* READING PRIMER (UNK):normal \* REAR GUARD (UNK):normal REGIONS OF THE U.S. (UNK):ormal \* RENDEZVOUS (old) (EW):see Miner 2049er REPTON (SRS):see Flip Out \* RESCUE AT RIGEL (EP):normal RICOCHET (EP):normal \* ROBOT WARS (MU):normal ROCKY'S BOOTS (LC):\* t0-t2 t3.25-t6.25 mode-4 t7-t22 or try: ' t0-t2 t3.25-t22.25 ROUTINE MACHINE (SDS):normal RUBIK'S CUBE (UNK):normal RUSSKI DUCK (GB): 1 note: drive speed critical t0 t0.25-t22.25 mode-2 SABOTAGE (SOL):see Jawbreaker \* SAMMY LIGHTFOOT (SOL): \* note: drive speed critical

t0 mode -3
t1-t22 mode -2
SARGON II (HN):normal
SCREEN WRITER II:(SOL) normal
SEA FOX (BS):see Choplifter
SEA STALKER (UNK):normal\*
or try:\*
t0-t22 parm 28 = 21 mode-2
SENSIBLE SPELLER III (SEN):
t2-tF
t0 parm 28 = 2 or 3
SENSIBLE SPELLER IV (SEN):
very hard to copy.
drive speed critical.
t0-t22

t1 parm 0F = 02 10 = 03 11 = 03 12 = 02
28 = 03 29 = FC 68 = 40 69 = 20
6A = 10 6B = 08 6C = 04 6D = 02
6E = 01 mode-3 or -4
recopy track 1 until it boots.

SENTENCE STRUCTION (UNK):mode-2 \*
write-protect both sides before boot!

SERIES FR-2 (UNK):normal \*
SERIES RU-2 (UNK):normal \*
SERIES SP-2 (UNK):normal \*
SERPENT'S STAR (ULS):normal \*
write-protect before booting!

Continued on page 23

## ADVENTURE TIPS ADVENTURE TIPS

#### Dark Crystal Sierra On-Line

Looking for Ursu? Check out the cave. Those shadows point to the circle of stones.

In the Gelfling village, read the writing on the wall.

#### Enchanter Infocom, Inc.

Something's cooking in the shack. Thirsty, too? How about that nice bubbling brook.

If you're looking for light, now's the time for magic.

Don't look for a bedroom out here. Look in that castle.

#### Kabul Spy Sirius Software

Have a death wish? Read the sign and then go East anyway.

Or take a bus ride. Need to buy a ticket. Join the chain gang for a valuable clue. What is that drawing on the ground?

#### Coveted Mirror Penguin Software

Climb up to escape through that hole in the dungeon wall.

The book on the top shelf in the laboratory makes interesting reading. Only in an adventure game would a stained glass window open.

Lost in the forest? You might see something from the top of a tree.

#### Ulysses and the Golden Fleece Sierra On-Line

You need a crew to sail that ship. Show proper respect to the king and he might reward your efforts.

Hang on to that condor.

#### Adventureland Adventure International

Is there a dragon in your path?
Leave him alone for now.
You can't get out of the quicksand with

all those items weighing you down. Ox stuck in the bog? The ax will give you a clue.

What does "bottomless hole" mean? Better not try it.

#### Mask Of The Sun Ultrasoft

\*Ghosts hate music.

\*Hit the skeletons with the amulet.

\*In the end, give your enemy what he wants.

\*Leopards like music.

#### Transylvania Penguin Software

\*Garlic is not always an advantage.

\*Deer antlers are more than just antlers.

\*Black boxes can open coffins.

\*The wizard's cloak has a tool.

\*Gravestones hide more than coffins.

\*Contributed by Henry Ou

#### Zork II Infocom, Inc.

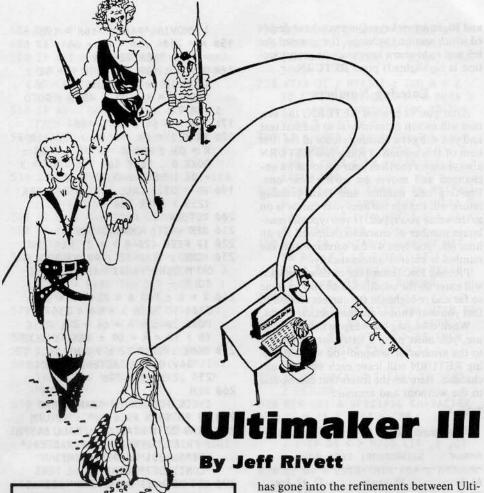
\*Buckets are used to bring water up a well. If anything else is in the bucket, it will go up, too.

\*Locked boxes can be opened by an explosion.

\*When lizards eat, they sleep to digest their meal.

\*Magnetic fields make motors go. They also attract things and affect compasses.

\*Contributed by Cullen Johnson



Dometimes a BASIC program can be deceiving. Often, it isn't clear (in a printout) exactly how many spaces follow a PRINT or DATA statement. Yet if you want your checksums to be correct and the program to function as the author intended, you must key in the program (spaces between quotes and after DATA statements, especially) exactly.

For this reason, Hardcore COM-**PUTIST** will be printing BASIC listings with delta characters (A) in all the places where you must type a space. ALL other spaces are merely inserted into the program for easy reading.

When keying in DATA statements, DON'T type any spaces after the word DATA (even if there is one printed there). If you should find a delta character after the word DATA, type a space. Otherwise, DON'T! This is to ensure that your Checksoft generated checksums will match up with the ones we print for the program.

#### Requirements:

48K Apple ][ plus or equivalent Exodus-Ultima III

Exodus, the latest in the Ultima series, is generally very much like Lord British' previous release, Ultima II. The greatest enhancement is in the amount of detail now included in some aspects of the game. A lot of thought ma II and Exodus (Ultima III).

Player information is once again stored on a "Player Disk", but the technique used to store it is different from Ultima II. A big difference is that now you can store up to twenty characters at a time on a disk instead of just one. Secondly, any four of those twenty (called a party) may go adventuring at the same time.

Six sectors (starting at track 3, sector 7) hold all the player information, the first sector holding the present party. The main list of characters appears next, on track 3, from sector 8 to sector 12. Each sector holds 4 complete characters, and each character takes up 64 bytes.

Exodus, like Ultima II, encodes most of the characters' attributes in BCD (binary coded decimal) format. On values higher than 99, the two most significant digits appear first. The following table shows what the 64 bytes for each character represent. All values in this table are between 00 and 99 unless otherwise noted. If letters are specified for a particular location, then that location holds the ASCII value (high bit set) of the letter (instead of a BCD number).

Table 1 Character Bytes:

| 0-12 | Character | Name in ASCII |         |
|------|-----------|---------------|---------|
| 13   | ???       |               |         |
| 14   | Cards and | Marks         | (0-255) |
| 15   | Torches   |               |         |

|       | - 10 . 0            | 0 0 - 2551   |
|-------|---------------------|--|
| 16    | In/Out Status (In-  | A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR |
| 17    | Health of Character | (G,P,D,A)  |
| 18    | Strength            |  |
| 19    | Dexterity           |  |
| 20    | Intelligence        |  |
| 21    | Wisdom              |  |
| 22    | Race                | (H,E,D,B,F)  |
| 23    | Type (F,C,W,T,P,E   | 3, L, I, D, A, R)  |
| 24    | Sex                 | (M,F,O)  |
| 25    | Magic Points        |  |
| 26-27 | Hit Points          | (1-9999)   |
| 28-29 | Maximum Hit Points  | (1-9999)   |
| 30-31 | Experience          | (0-9999)   |
| 32-33 | Food                | (1-9999)   |
| 34    | ???                 |  |
| 35-36 | Gold                | (0-9999)   |
| 37    | Gems                |  |
| 38    | Keys                |  |
| 39    | Powder              |  |
| 40    | Armour in Use       | (0-7)  |
| 41    | Cloth               |  |
| 42    | Leather             |  |
| 43    | Chain               |  |
| 44    | Plate               |  |
| 45    | +2 chain            |  |
| 46    | +2 plate            |  |
| 47    | Exotic              |  |
| 48    | Weapon in Use       | (0-15)   |
| 49    | Dagger              |  |
| 50    | Mace                |  |
| 51    | Sling               |  |
| 52    | Axe                 |  |
| 53    | Bow                 |  |
| 54    | Sword               |  |
| 7     | onor a              |  |

#### Cards and Marks

As the above table shows, Card and Mark information is not stored in a BCD format. Instead, each of the bits in byte 14 indicates the possession of a Card or Mark. For example: a value of 255 in this location indicates that all the cards and marks are held. Or, a value of 16 would indicate that the character possesses only the Mark of Force.

| ble 2 |     |               |
|-------|-----|---------------|
|       | Bit | Card or Mark  |
|       |     |               |
|       | 0   | Card of Love  |
|       | 1   | Card of Sol   |
|       | 2   | Card of Moons |
|       | 3   | Card of Death |
|       | 4   | Mark of Force |
|       | 5   | Mark of Fire  |
|       | 6   | Mark of Snake |
|       | 7   | Mark of Kings |
|       |     |               |

#### Other Attributes

Here are the attributes of the character which are indicated by a letter of the alphabet.

Table 3

| Health     | Races   | Types     | Sexes    |
|------------|---------|-----------|----------|
| (G) ood    | (H)uman | (F)ighter | (M)ale   |
| (P)oisoned | (E) Lf  | (C) Leric | (F)emale |
| (D) ead    | (D)warf | (W)izard  | (O)ther  |
|            |         |           |          |

Ultimaker III edits characters from the "Player Disk." Unlike some of the other Ultima III character editors you may have seen, it will allow you to edit characters that are in a party or on an adventure. This requires changing the character's attributes in two places (namely the party sector and the main list sectors).

#### How to Enter Ultimaker III

First, type in the hexdump on page 18 and

#### BSAVE ULTIMAKER.OBJ, ASEØØ,L\$13E

Next, type in the BASIC program starting on this page. Be sure to save this one before RUNning it. Also be sure to use a DOS FP and LOAD before matching up the checksums.

#### SAVE ULTIMAKER III

#### How to Use Ultimaker III

First of all, remove your Ultimaker disk and insert your player disk when prompted.

Next, a roster of all characters on this diskette (including empty cells) will be displayed. At this point, you have four options. They are:

#### Commands at Roster

- CTRLL Loads characters from the same disk (in case you mutilate a character beyond recognition) or from another disk (if you have more than one player disk).
- CTRLS Saves characters to the disk after editing. Be careful not to accidentally write the characters on some disk other than your player disk.
- A through T Selects a particular character and places you in the below explained edit mode
- CTRLP Prints out the stats of a character. Must be followed by the character letter. If in your listing, you get a whole bunch of "80N's", then you should probably change or remove the "PRINT CHR\$(9) "8ØN";" in lines 1100 and 1110. This is in the program to stop the printer interface card from printing to the screen. The codes to do this may be different for your printer.

#### The Edit Mode

When you are in the edit mode, the entire character is displayed before you and one section of the character is highlighted. To alter the highlighted section, press the Left

and Right arrow keys. Once you have decided which section to change, (i.e. pressed the left and right arrow keys until the proper section is highlighted) press RETURN.

#### **Entering Numbers**

After you've pressed RETURN, the section will switch from inverse to normal text and you will get a flashing cursor at the first item of this section. Typing just RETURN always leaves the item your cursor is on unchanged and moves on to the next one. Pressing one number and then pressing return will change the item your cursor is on to the value you typed. If you type the maximum number of characters allowed for an item (ex. you type 47 for torches) then the number is entered automatically.

Pressing ESC (except for cards and marks) will enter all the modifications you've done so far and re-highlight the current section so that you may choose another section to edit.

When changing the weapon or armour in use, you must press a letter corresponding to the armour or weapon you wish. Pressing RETURN will leave each of them unchanged. Here are the letters that correspond to the weapons and armour:

#### Weapons and Armour Letters

| Armour      | Weapons      | terta i     |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| A) Skin     | A) Hands     | I) +2 Axe   |
| B) Cloth    | B) Dagger    | J) +2 Bow   |
| C) Leather  | C) Mace      | K) +2 Sword |
| D) Chain    | D) Sling     | L) Gloves   |
| E) Plate    | E) Axe       | M) +4 Axe   |
| F) +2 Chain | F) Bow       | N) +4 Bow   |
| G) +2 Plate | G) Sword     | 0) +4 Sword |
| H) Exotic   | H) 2 h Sword | P) Exotic   |
|             |              |             |

Now that you have a fighting chance, I suggest you play Exodus to the bitter end.

#### Ultimaker III

| 10 | REM | /\                       |
|----|-----|--------------------------|
| 20 | REM |                          |
| 30 | REM | ! ULTIMAKER III !        |
| 40 | REM | in terminal programme in |
| 50 | REM | ! By Ray Darrah !        |
| 60 | REM |                          |
| 70 | REM | \/                       |
| 80 | REM |                          |
|    |     |                          |

- 90 IF PEEK (104 ) < > 15 THEN POKE 104 ,15 : POKE 103 ,63 : POKE 3902 ,0 : PRINT CHR\$ (4) "RUN ULTIMAKER III"
- 100 GOTO 870
- 110 REM READ CHARACTERS
- 120 HOME : VTAB 12 : PRINT SPC( 11 ) "LOADINGACHARACTERS" : POKE 254 ,01 :B = Z : GOSUB 270 : GOSUB 190
- 130 R = Z : IF PEEK (2048 ) = Z THEN RETURN
- 140 HOME : VTAB 12 : PRINT SPC( 14

- ) "MOVINGAPARTY" :BA = 1984
- 150 A = 2304 :BA = BA + 64 : IF BA = (A) THEN RETURN
- 160 X = Z : FOR B = A TO A + 12 : IF PEEK (B ) = PEEK (BA + X ) THEN X = X + O1: NEXT: GOTO 180
- 170 A = A + 64 : GOTO 160
- $180 \, P\%(R) = (A 2304) / 64 : R =$ R + O1 : FOR B = B TO A + 63 :POKE B , PEEK (BA + X ) : X = X+ 01 : NEXT : GOTO 150
- 190 FS = 01 : CALL 3584 : IF PEEK (255 ) THEN 33Ø
- 200 RETURN
- 210 REM WRITE CHARACTERS
- 220 IF PEEK (2048 ) = Z THEN 250
- 230 HOME: VTAB 12: PRINT SPC( 14 ) "MOVING PARTY" : FOR A = Z TO 3
- 240 X = Z : FOR B = P%(A) \* 64 +2304 TO P%(A) \* 64 + 2367 : POKE 2048 + A \* 64 + X , PEEK (B) :X = X + O1 : NEXT : NEXT
- 250 HOME : VTAB 12 : PRINT SPC( 12 ) "SAVINGACHARACTERS" : POKE 254 ,2 : GOTO 190
- 260 REM
  - CHECK FOR SAVED CHARACTERS
- 270 IF FS THEN AS = "Y" : RETURN 280 VTAB 23 : HTAB 01 : CALL 64578
  - : PRINT "WARNING: CHARACTERSA NOTASAVED!" CG\$ : PRINT "CONTINUE?^(Y/N)"
- 290 GET A\$ : IF A\$ < > "Y" AND A\$ < > "N" THEN 290
- 300 IF AS = "N" AND B = Z THEN POP
- 310 VTAB 23 : HTAB 01 : CALL 64578 : RETURN
- 320 REM DISK ERROR
- 330 HOME : PRINT CHR\$ (7 ) PEEK (255 ) "AERROR(S)AHAVEA OCCURED"
- 340 PRINT : PRINT "PRESSARETURNA TOATRYAGAINAORASPACEATOAAA ABORT"
- 350 WAIT 16384 ,128 : GET A\$ : IF A\$ < > CM\$ AND A\$ < > "" THEN 350
- 360 IF A\$ = CHR\$ (13 ) THEN 190
- 370 RETURN
- 380 REM GET FOUR DIGIT NUMBER
- 390 MX = 4 :A1\$ = "0" :A2\$ = "9" : GOSUB 480 : IF I\$ = "" THEN RETURN
- 400 IF LEN (I\$ ) < MX THEN I\$ = LEFT\$ ( "0000" ,4 - LEN (I\$ ) ) + I\$
- 410 RETURN
- 420 REM GET TWO DIGIT NUMBER
- 430 MX = 2 :A1\$ = "0" :A2\$ = "9" : GOSUB 480 : IF LEN (I\$ ) = 01 THEN I\$ = "Ø" + I\$
- 440 IF IS = " AND AS = CMS THEN RETURN
- 450 IF I\$ = "" THEN POP : RETURN
- 460 FS = Z : POKE FN AD(A ) ,16 \* VAL ( LEFT\$ (I\$ ,01 ) ) + VAL ( RIGHT\$ (I\$ ,01 ) ) : RETURN
- 470 REM INPUT ROUTINE

- 480 I\$ = ""
- 490 GET A\$
- 500 IF (A\$ > A2\$ OR A\$ < A1\$ ) AND
  (A\$ < > CM\$ AND A\$ < > CH\$ AND
  A\$ < > CU\$ AND A\$ < > ESC\$ )
  THEN 490
- 510 IF A\$ = CH\$ AND LEN (I\$ ) = Z THEN 490
- 520 IF A\$ = CH\$ AND LEN (I\$ ) = 01 THEN I\$ = "" : PRINT A\$; : GOTO 490
- 530 IF A\$ = CH\$ THEN PRINT A\$; :I\$ = LEFT\$ (I\$ , LEN (I\$ ) - 01 ) : GOTO 490
- 540 IF AS = CMS THEN RETURN
- 550 IF A\$ = ESC\$ THEN I\$ = "" : RETURN
- 560 IF A\$ = CU\$ THEN A\$ = CHR\$ (
  PEEK ( PEEK (40 ) + PEEK (41 )
  \* 256 + PEEK (36 ) ) 128 ) :
  GOTO 500
- 570 IS = IS + AS : PRINT AS; : IF LEN (IS ) = MX THEN RETURN
- 58Ø GOTO 49Ø
- 590 REM CHARACTER SCREEN SETUP
- 600 HOME: PRINT "NAME=>": PRINT TAB(21) "CARDS:" TAB(31) "MARKS:"
- 610 PRINT "SEX=>" TAB( 23 )
  "LOVE" TAB( 33 ) "FORCE"
- 620 PRINT "TYPE=>" TAB( 23 )
  "SOL" TAB( 33 ) "FIRE" : PRINT
  "RACE=>" TAB( 23 ) "MOONS"
  TAB( 33 ) "SNAKE"
- 630 PRINT "HEALTH=>" TAB( 23 )
  "DEATH" TAB( 33 ) "KINGS":
  PRINT
- 640 PRINT TAB( 4 ) "STRENGTH" TAB( 18 ) "TORCHES" TAB( 32 ) "HIT POINT" TAB( 4 ) "DEXTERITY" TAB( 18 ) "GEMS";
- 650 PRINT TAB( 32 ) "MAX. AHITS" TAB( 4 ) "INTELLIG." TAB( 18 ) "KEYS" TAB( 32 ) "EXPERIENC" TAB( 4 ) "WISDOM";
- 660 PRINT TAB( 18 ) "POWDER" TAB( 32 ) "FOOD" : PRINT TAB( 18 ) "MAGIC" TAB( 32 ) "GOLD" : PRINT
- 670 PRINT "ARMOUR=>" TAB( 18 )
  "WEAPON=>": PRINT TAB( 21 )
  "DAGGER" TAB( 34 ) "GLOVES" :
  PRINT TAB( 4 ) "CLOTH";
- 680 PRINT TAB( 21 ) "MACE" TAB( 34 ) "+4^AXE" : PRINT TAB( 4 ) "LEATHER" TAB( 21 ) "SLING" TAB( 34 ) "+4^BOW"
- 690 PRINT TAB( 4 ) "CHAIN" TAB( 21 ) "AXE" TAB( 34 ) "+4SWORD" TAB( 4 ) "PLATE" TAB( 21 ) "BOW" TAB( 34 ) "EXOTIC"
- 700 PRINT TAB( 4 ) "+2^CHAIN"
  TAB( 21 ) "SWORD" : PRINT TAB(
  4 ) "+2^PLATE" TAB( 21 ) "2^H^
  SWORD" : PRINT TAB( 4 )
  "EXOTIC" ;
- 710 PRINT TAB( 21 ) "+2^AXE" :
  PRINT TAB( 21 ) "+2^BOW" :
  PRINT TAB( 21 ) "+2^SWORD" ;
- 720 BA = CHAR \* 64 + 2304

- 730 REM UPDATE CHAR. SCREEN
- 740 POKE 255 ,BA / 256 : POKE 254 ,BA PEEK (255 ) \* 256 : CALL 3692
- 750 VTAB 01 : HTAB 7 : FOR A = Z TO 12 : PRINT CHR\$ ( FN PK(A ) ); : NEXT : PRINT TAB( 39 ) : VTAB 3 : HTAB 6
- 760 B\$ = CHR\$ ( FN HB(24 ) ) :B = Z : GOSUB 800 : HTAB 7 :B = 2 :B\$ = CHR\$ ( FN HB(23 ) ) : GOSUB 800
- 770 HTAB 7:B\$ = CHR\$ (FN HB(22)):B = O1: GOSUB 800: HTAB 9:B\$ = CHR\$ (FN HB(17)):B = 3: GOSUB 800
- 780 VTAB 14: HTAB 9: PRINT W\$(
  FN PK(40),5) TAB(18);:
  HTAB 26: PRINT W\$(FN PK(48),4) TAB(35);: RETURN
- 790 REM
  PRINT STRING STARTING WITH B\$
- 800 FOR A = 0 TO 15 : IF LEFT\$
  (W\$(A ,B ) ,O1 ) <> B\$ THEN
  NEXT : PRINT TAB( 19 ); :
  RETURN
- 810 PRINT W\$(A ,B ) TAB( 19 ) CM\$; : RETURN
- 820 REM GET A SPECIFIC CHARACTER
- 830 IS = IS + ESCS + CMS
- 840 GET B\$ : FOR A = 01 TO LEN (I\$ ) : IF B\$ < > MID\$ (I\$ ,A ,01 ) THEN NEXT : GOTO 840
- 850 IF B\$ = ESC\$ THEN POP : RETURN
- 860 RETURN
- 870 01 = 1 :B = 01 :Z = 0 :A\$ = ""
  :FS = 01 :D\$ = CHR\$ (4 ) :
  PRINT D\$ "BLOADA
  ULTIMAKER.OBJ"
- 880 CH\$ = CHR\$ (8) : CM\$ = CHR\$
  (13) : CU\$ = CHR\$ (21) : ESC\$
  = CHR\$ (27) : CJ\$ = CHR\$ (10)
  : CG\$ = CHR\$ (7)
- 890 DIM W\$(15,5),R%(8,3),P%(3): DEF FN AD(X) = BA + X: DEF FN PK(X) = PEEK (FN AD(X))
- 900 FOR A = 0 TO 5 : READ X : FOR B = 0 TO X : READ W\$(B ,A ) : NEXT : NEXT
- 910 FOR A = 0 TO 8 : FOR B = 0 TO 3 : READ R%(A ,B ) : NEXT : NEXT : DEF FN HB(X ) = PEEK ( FN AD(X ) ) - 128 \* ( PEEK ( FN AD(X ) ) > 128 )
- 920 REM READ IN CHARACTERS 930 HOME : PRINT SPC( 13 )
  - "ULTIMAKERATIT": VTAB 10: PRINT "INSERTAPLAYERA SCENARIOADISK"
- 940 PRINT : PRINT "ANDAPRESSAAA KEY" : WAIT - 16384 ,128 : GET A\$ : GOSUB 120
- 950 REM PRINT ROSTER
- 960 HOME: PRINT SPC( 12 )
  "CHARACTER\*ROSTER": PRINT:
  FOR A = 0 TO 19: PRINT CHR\$
  (65 + A) ")\*";
- 970 BA = A \* 64 + 2304 : FOR B = 0 TO 12 : PRINT CHR\$ ( FN PK(B )

- ); : NEXT : PRINT : NEXT

  980 VTAB 24 : HTAB 01 : PRINT

  "CHARACTERATOAEDITA(ORA

  COMMAND)A=>";
- 990 GET AS : IF (AS < "A" OR AS >
  "T" ) AND AS < > ESC\$ AND AS <
  > CHR\$ (12 ) AND A\$ < > CHR\$
  (19 ) AND A\$ < > CHR\$ (16 )
  THEN PRINT CG\$; : GOTO 990
- 1000 IF A\$ = CHR\$ (12 ) THEN GOSUB 120 : GOTO 960
- 1010 IF AS = CHR\$ (19 ) THEN GOSUB 220 : GOTO 960
- 1020 IF AS = CHR\$ (16 ) THEN 1080
- 1030 IF A\$ < > ESC\$ THEN 1160 1040 REM EXIT?
- 1050 HOME : VTAB 12 : PRINT SPC(
  14 ) "EXITAPROGRAM" :B = 01 :
  GOSUB 270 : IF A\$ <> "Y" THEN
- 960 1060 END
- 1070 REM PRINTER PRINTOUT
- 1080 VTAB 24 : HTAB 01 : CALL 64578 : PRINT "PRINOUT OF CHARACTER =>";
- 1090 GET A\$ : IF A\$ > "T" OR A\$ <
- 1100 CHAR = ASC (A\$ ) 65 : GOSUB 600 : PR# 1 : PRINT CHR\$ (9 ) "80N"
- 1110 FOR A = 1 TO 24 : PR# 0 : VTAB A : PRINT CU\$; : PR# 1 : PRINT CHR\$ (9 ) "80N";
- 1120 PRINT SPC( 20 ); :B = PEEK (40 ) + PEEK (41 ) \* 256 : FOR B = B TO B + 39
- 1130 PRINT CHR\$ ( PEEK (B ) 128 ): : NEXT : PRINT CM\$;
- 1140 NEXT : PR# 0 : CALL 1002 : GOTO 960
- 1150 REM EDIT PROPER SECTION
- 1160 CHAR = ASC (A\$ ) 65 : GOSUB 600 :X = Z
- 1170 FOR B = 0 TO 3 : POKE 252 + B ,R%(X ,B ) : NEXT : CALL 3857
- 1180 WAIT 16384 ,128 : GET A\$ : IF A\$ <> ESC\$ AND A\$ <> CH\$ AND A\$ <> CU\$ AND A\$ <> CM\$ THEN 1180
- 1190 IF A\$ = ESC\$ THEN 960
- 1200 CALL 3857 : IF A\$ < > CM\$ THEN 1220
- 1210 ON X + O1 GOSUB 1270 ,1330 ,1420 ,1450 ,1520 ,1540 ,1570 ,1640 ,1700 : GOTO 1170
- 1220 B = 01 : IF A\$ = CH\$ THEN B = 01
- 1230 X = X + B : IF X > 8 THEN X =
- 1240 IF X < Z THEN X = 8
- 1250 GOTO 1170
- 1260 REM EDIT NAME
- 1270 VTAB 01 : HTAB 7 :MX = 13 :A1\$ = "'4" :A2\$ = CHR\$ (255 ) : GOSUB 480
- 1280 IF I\$ = "" THEN 740
- 1290 PRINT TAB( 39 ) :FS = Z : FOR A = 0 TO LEN (I\$ ) - 01
- 1300 POKE FN AD(A ) , ASC ( MID\$ (I\$ ,A + 01 ,01 ) ) + 128 :

|   | NEXT : IF A = 13 THEN RETURN  |
|---|---|
|   | 1310 FOR A = A TO 12 : POKE FN  |
|   | AD(A) ,Z : NEXT : RETURN  |
|   | 1320 REM SEX , TYPE , RACE , HEALTH                                     |
|   | 1330 VTAB 3 : HTAB 6 : I\$ = "MFO" :                                    |
|   | GOSUB 830 : IF B\$ = CM\$ THEN  |
|   | 1350  |
|   | 1340 FS = Z : POKE FN AD(24) ,<br>ASC (B\$) + 128 :B = Z : GOSUB        |
|   | 800   |
|   | 1350 VTAB 4 : HTAB 7 : I\$ =  |
|   | "FCWTPBLIDAR" : GOSUB 830 : IF  |
|   | B\$ = CM\$ THEN 1370<br>1360 FS = Z :B = 2 : POKE FN AD(23              |
|   | ) , ASC (B\$ ) + 128 : GOSUB  |
|   | 800   |
|   | 1370 VTAB 5 : HTAB 7 : I\$ = "HEDBF"                                    |
|   | : GOSUB 830 : IF B\$ = CM\$ THEN  |
|   | 1380 FS = Z :B = 01 : POKE FN   |
|   | AD(22), ASC (B\$) + 128:  |
|   | GOSUB 800   |
|   | 1390 VTAB 6 : HTAB 9 : I\$ = "GPDA"<br>: GOSUB 830 : IF B\$ = CM\$ THEN |
|   | RETURN  |
|   | 1400 FS = Z :B = 3 : POKE FN AD(17                                      |
|   | ) , ASC (B\$ ) + 128 : GOTO 800   |
|   | 1410 REM CARDS  |
|   | 1420 VTAB 3 : HTAB 21 : GOSUB 1480                                      |
|   | : IF B\$ = ESC\$ THEN X = 2 :<br>GOTO 740                               |
| ۱ | 1430 FS = Z : POKE FN AD(14 ) ,B +                                      |
| 1 | 16 * INT ( FN PK(14 ) / 16 )  |
|   | :X = 2 : RETURN   |
|   | 1440 REM MARKS<br>1450 VTAB 3 : HTAB 31 : GOSUB 1480                    |
|   | : IF B\$ = ESC\$ THEN X = 3 :   |
| 1 | GOTO 740  |
|   | 1460 FS = Z : POKE FN AD(14 ) ,B * 16 + ( FN PK(14 ) - INT ( FN         |
|   | PK(14) / 16) * 16) :X = 3:  |
|   | RETURN  |
|   | 1470 REM GET FOUR Y OR N'S  |
|   | 1480 B = Z : I\$ = "YN" + ESC\$ + CM\$<br>: FOR X = 0 TO 3 : GOSUB 840  |
|   | 1490 IF B\$ = CM\$ THEN B\$ = CHR\$ (                                   |
|   | PEEK ( PEEK (40 ) + PEEK (41 )  |
|   | * 256 + PEEK (36 ) ) - 128 )<br>1500 PRINT B\$CH\$CJ\$; :B = B + INT    |
|   | (2 # X ) * (B\$ = "Y" ) : NEXT :  |
|   | RETURN 4551 MBHT  |
|   | 1510 REM TRAITS   |
|   | 1520 VTAB 8 : HTAB 01 : FOR A = 18<br>TO 21 : GOSUB 430 : HTAB 01 :     |
|   | PRINT IS : NEXT : RETURN  |
|   | 1530 REM POSSESIONS AND MAGIC PTS                                       |
|   | 1540 VTAB 8 : HTAB 15 : A = 15 :<br>GOSUB 430 : HTAB 15 : PRINT I\$     |
|   | : FOR A = 37 TO 39 : HTAB 15  |
|   | 1550 GOSUB 430 : HTAB 15 : PRINT  |
|   | I\$ : NEXT : HTAB 15 :A = 25 :  |
|   | GOSUB 430 : RETURN<br>1560 REM POINTS , FOOD AND GOLD                   |
|   | 1570 VTAB 8 : FOR A = 26 TO 35  |
|   | STEP 2 : IF A = 34 THEN A = 35  |
|   | 1580 HTAB 27 : GOSUB 390 : HTAB 27                                      |
|   | : PRINT I\$ 1590 IF I\$ = "" AND A\$ = CM\$ THEN                        |
|   | NEXT : RETURN   |
|   |   |

|     | 1600 IF I\$ = ''' THEN RETURN   |
|-----|---|
|     | 1610 FS = Z : POKE FN AD(A ) ,16 *  |
|     | VAL ( LEFT\$ (I\$ ,01 ) ) + VAL   |
|     | ( MID\$ (I\$ ,2 ,01 ) )  1620 POKE FN AD(A + 01 ) ,16 * VAL ( MID\$ (I\$ ,3 ,01 ) ) + VAL (   |
|     | 1620 POKE FN AD(A + 01 ) ,16 * VAL  |
|     | ( MID\$ (I\$ ,3 ,01 ) ) + VAL (   |
|     | RIGHT\$ (I\$ ,01 ) : NEXT :   |
|     | RETURN  |
|     | 1630 REM ARMOUR   |
|     | 1640 VTAB 14 : HTAB 9 :A1\$ = "A"   |
|     | :A2\$ = "H" :MX = 01 : GOSUB  |
|     | 480   |
|     | 1650 IF AS = ESCS THEN RETURN   |
|     | 1660 IF IS = " THEN PRINT : GOTO  |
|     | 1680  |
|     | 1670 HTAB 9 : PRINT W\$( ASC (I\$ )   |
|     | - 65 ,5 ) TAB( 17 ) CM\$; :FS =   |
|     | Z : POKE FN AD(40 ) , ASC (18   |
|     | ) - 65  |
|     | 1680 PRINT : FOR A = 41 TO 47 :<br>GOSUB 430 : HTAB 01 : PRINT I\$                            |
|     |   |
|     | : NEXT : RETURN   |
|     | 1690 REM WEAPONS  |
|     | 1700 VTAB 14 : HTAB 26 :A1\$ = "A"  |
|     | :A2\$ = "P" :MX = 01 : GOSUB  |
|     | 480   |
|     | 1710 IF AS = ESCS THEN RETURN   |
|     | 1720 IF IS = "" THEN PRINT : GOTO   |
|     | 1740  |
|     | 1730 HTAB 26 : PRINT W\$( ASC (I\$ )<br>- 65 ,4 ) TAB( 39 )CM\$; : POKE                       |
|     | - 65 ,4 ) TAB( 39 ) CM3; : PORE   |
|     | FN AD(48), ASC (I\$) - 65<br>1740 FOR A = 49 TO 57: HTAB 18:<br>GOSUB 430: HTAB 18: PRINT I\$ |
|     | COCHE /74 - HTAP 19 - DETAIT TO   |
|     | : NEXT : HTAB 18 : GOSUB 430 :  |
|     | HTAB 18 : PRINT IS;   |
|     | 1750 VTAB 15 : FOR A = 59 TO 63 :   |
|     | HTAB 31 : GOSUB 430 : HTAB 31   |
|     | : PRINT IS : NEXT : RETURN  |
|     | : PRINT I\$ : NEXT : RETURN<br>1760 DATA 2 ,MALE ,FEMALE ,OTHER                               |
|     | 1770 DATA 4 , HUMAN , ELF , DWARF   |
|     | ,BOBBIT ,FUZZY  |
|     | 1780 DATA 10 ,FIGHTER ,CLERIC   |
|     | ,WIZARD ,THIEF ,PALADIN   |
|     | ,BARBARIAN ,LARK ,ILLUSIONIST   |
|     | ,DRUID ,ALCHEMIST ,RANGER   |
|     | 1790 DATA 3 ,GOOD ,POISONED ,DEAD   |
|     | ASHES   |
| -   | 1800 DATA 15 , HANDS , DAGGER , MACE  |
|     | ,SLING ,AXE ,BOW ,SWORD ,2444   |
|     | SWORD ,+2AXE ,+2BOW ,4+2A   |
|     | SWORD ,GLOVES ,+4AXE ,+4ABOW  |
|     | ,+4△SWORD ,EXOTIC   |
|     | 1810 DATA 7 ,SKIN ,CLOTH ,LEATHER   |
|     | ,CHAIN ,PLATE ,+24CHAIN ,+24  |
|     | PLATE ,EXOTIC   |
|     | 1820 DATA 255 ,18 ,0 ,1 ,255 ,16  |
|     | ,2 ,6 ,19 ,26 ,1 ,6 ,29 ,36 ,1  |
| - 4 | ,6  |
|     | 1830 DATA 255 ,11 ,7 ,11 ,23 DATA 255 ,15 ,7 ,12 ,25 ,7 ,12 ,25 ,15                           |
|     | ,13 ,22 ,16 ,39 ,13 ,24   |
|     | ,13 ,22 ,10 ,37 ,13 ,24   |
|     |   |
|     | Ultimaker III Hexdump   |
|     | Chimaker III Headump  |
|     |   |

| 0E00: | 49     | 03       | 8D        | FC           | <b>R7</b> | AO      | ns.       | 80 | \$7A58 |
|-------|--------|----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|----|--------|
| 0E08: | 117456 | 20020000 | LLC:YATTI | (40,037,050) |           | A STATE | LUX STANI |    | \$A69F |
| OE10: |        |          | 1600      |              |           |         |           |    | \$AFE3 |
| OE18: | A5     | FE       | 8D        | F4           | <b>B7</b> | 20      | E3        | 03 | \$6689 |
|       |        |          |           |              |           |         |           |    |        |

| 0E20:  | 20     | D9        | 03        | 90           | 02  | E6            | FF         | EE    | \$4637 |
|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----|---------------|------------|-------|--------|
| 0E28:  | F1     | <b>B7</b> | EE        | ED           | B7  | AD            | F1         | B7    | \$666C |
| 0E30:  | C9     | 0E        | 90        | E9           | 60  | B1            | FE         | 20    | \$8162 |
| OE38:  | DA     | FD        | E6        | 25           | A5  | 25            | 20         | C1    | \$B987 |
| OE40:  | FB     | C6        | 24        | C6           | 24  | <b>C8</b>     | CA         | DO    | \$6B88 |
| OE48:  | EC     | 60        | 86        | 24           | 85  | 25            | 4C         | C1    | \$D245 |
| 0E50:  | ER     | 42        | 04        | <i>ι</i> . Δ | 4.8 | ΔΟ            | no         | RΩ    | \$6887 |
| 0E58:  | 02     |           |           |              | FO. | FD            | C6         |       | \$896F |
| 0E60:  | E6     |           |           |              |     | C1            | FB         | 68    | \$2CE1 |
| 0E68:  | CA     |           | E8        |              | A2  | 14            | A9         | 02    | \$1043 |
| 0E70:  |        | 4A        |           | AO           |     | B1            | FE         | 20    | \$D694 |
| 0E78:  | 51     | OE        |           |              | 1E  | -             | 02         |       | \$3893 |
| 0E80:  |        |           | 68        |              | 51  | 0E            | A2         | 12000 | \$0790 |
| 0E88:  | A9     | -0.00     | 20        | 4A           | OE  | AO            | 12         | A2    | \$6C3A |
| 0E90:  | 04     |           | 35        | OE           | A2  | OE            | A9         |       | \$C439 |
| 0E98:  |        | 4A        | OE        | AO           | OF  | CHICAGO AND A | 01         | 20    | \$4A1B |
| 01.70. | 20     | 70        | OL        | AU           | U   | 7             | 01         | 20    | THAID  |
| OEAO:  |        | 0E        |           |              |     | SERVICE.      | 20         | 2000  | \$9CEA |
| OEA8:  | 0E     | AO        |           | A2           | 01  |               | 35         | 0E    | \$71F5 |
| OEBO:  | A2     | 00        | - 22.5    | OF           | 20  |               | 0E         | A2    | \$ACD5 |
| OEB8:  | 07     |           |           |              |     | 0E            | A2         | 11    | \$2FCD |
| OECO:  | A9     | £30.007V  | 1000000 A | 4A           | 0E  |               | 31         | A2    | \$42B2 |
| OEC8:  | -5/100 |           | 390       | 200700       | A2  | 1E            | A9         | 0E    | \$749D |
| OEDO:  | 20     | 4A        | 0E        |              | 05  | 20            | 35         | 0E    | \$CDA4 |
| OED8:  | A2     | 18        |           | 24           | AO  | 1A            | 20         | F7    | \$5456 |
| OEEO:  | 0E     | AO        | 1B        | 20           | F7  | 0E            | A9         | 1A    | \$37FB |
| OEE8:  | 85     | 24        | AO        | 23           | B1  | FE            | 20         | DA    | \$E00E |
| OEFO:  | FD     | c8        | B1        | FE           | 4C  | DA            | FD         | E6    | \$4EAA |
| OEF8:  | 24     | E6        | 24        | A9           | 07  | 85            | 25         | 20    | \$C941 |
| OF00:  | C1     | FB        | A9        | 04           |     | 00            | A2         | 01    | \$ACAF |
| OF08:  | 20     | 35        | 0E        | C8           | C6  | 00            | DO         | F6    | \$B36E |
| OF10:  | 60     | A5        | FE        | 85           | 25  | 20            | C1         | FB    | \$575B |
| OF18:  | A4     | FD        | B1        | 28           | 49  | CO            | C9         | EO    | \$7C4A |
| OF20:  | B0     | 08        | C9        | CO           | B0  | 06            | C9         | 20    | \$D485 |
| OF28:  | 90     | 02        | E9        | 1            | 91  | 28            | 88         |       | \$DAF2 |
| OF30:  | FC     | DO        | E7        | E6           | 25  | A5            | 25         | C5    | \$B960 |
| OF38:  | FF     | DO        | DA        |              | 25  | 60            | 0000       |       | \$251F |
|        |        |           |           |              |     |               |            |       |        |
|        | T1.    | land -    |           |              |     | 1             | e constant | -     | 200    |

#### Ultimaker III Source Code

|                | .EQ \$B7EC   | IOB TABLE T   |
|----------------|--|---|
|                | E0 \$8750  | TELLS WHEDE   |
|                |  |   |
|                |  |   |
| ABOUT DISK E   | RRORS  |   |
| 1030 BASIC.CM  | .EQ \$FE   | BASIC TELLS   |
|                |  |   |
| 1040 SECTOR    | .EQ \$B7ED   | IOB TABLE S   |
| ECTOR NUMBER   |  |   |
| 1050 RWTS      | .EQ \$3D9  | RWTS PAGE T   |
| HREE VECTOR    |  |   |
| 1060 COMMAND   | .EQ \$B7F4   | IOB TABLE C   |
| OMMAND CODE LO | OCATION  |   |
| 1070 CHAR      | .EQ \$FE   | POINTER TO  |
| CURRENT CHARA  | CTER   |   |
| 1080 VOL       | .EQ \$B7EB   |   |
| 1090 CH        | .EQ \$24   | CURSOR HORI   |
|                |  |   |
| 1100 CV        | .EQ \$25   | CURSOR VERT   |
| ICAL           |  |   |
| 1110 PRINTA    | .EQ \$FDDA   | ROUTINE THA   |
|                |  |   |
|                |  |   |
|                | RACK NUMBER 1010 BUFF IN MEMORY TO 1020 ERR.FLAG ABOUT DISK E 1030 BASIC.CMI M.L. WHETHER 1040 SECTOR ECTOR NUMBER 1050 RWTS HREE VECTOR 1060 COMMAND OMMAND CODE LI 1070 CHAR CURRENT CHARA 1080 VOL 1090 CH ZONTAL FOR PR 1100 CV ICAL 1110 PRINTA T PRINTS A AS | 1010 BUFF .EQ \$B7F0 IN MEMORY TO READ TO OR 1020 ERR.FLAG .EQ \$FF ABOUT DISK ERRORS 1030 BASIC.CMD .EQ \$FE M.L. WHETHER TO READ OR 1040 SECTOR .EQ \$B7ED ECTOR NUMBER 1050 RWTS .EQ \$3D9 HREE VECTOR 1060 COMMAND .EQ \$B7F4 OMMAND CODE LOCATION 1070 CHAR .EQ \$FE CURRENT CHARACTER 1080 VOL .EQ \$B7EB 1090 CH .EQ \$24 ZONTAL FOR PRINTING 1100 CV .EQ \$25 |

T CALCULATES THE SCREEN LINE BASE ADDR ESS FOR THE Y POSITION HELD IN A

Continued on page 22

## The Mapping Of Ultima III

By Jeff Hurlburt

#### In One King's Library

It's been a rough day battling the innumerable minions of Exodus and. as evening falls, you page through a dusty computerised tome in the king's library. Suddenly a false cover separates and mouldering sheets of velum spill out upon the table. Hardly containing your amazement, you snatch up one, then another and hold it up to the fading light. It's true! Not merely vaque scrawls, nor only of Sosaria or Ambrosia-- but exquisitely detailed charts of every town, village, and castle, even the very dungeons...the fabled MAPS OF **ULTIMA III are yours!** 

Of course, in the real world securing such a powerful advantage must involve a little magic with your Apple. The two short programs listed here let you read any map right off any Ultima III Player Diskette and create crystal clear printouts.

#### **Translations**

Instead of trying to store and retrieve complete hi-res blocks, Ultima III saves its maps in the form of code bytes which subroutines use to generate the displays. A complete dungeon map consists of eight 16X16 levels, while each continent, town, or castle map is a 64X64 code block. To produce a map using standard ASCII characters, all that's needed is a way to translate the map codes into corresponding print characters. For example, a patch of small forest (code = \$08) might be represented using a "t" or a wall section (code = \$8C) by a "#". A 'Legend' included on each Ultimapper III printout makes it unnecessary to remember what a character means or to refer to a separate guide.

#### Using the Ultimappers

Once the Dungeon and Large Map programs have been entered and saved on any standard DOS 3.3 compatible diskette, you're ready to start generating printouts.

Upon running Ultimapper III.Large, you are prompted for the name of the continent, town, or castle to be mapped. The only requirement here is that the first three letters of the name be correct (e.g. "EXO" for the castle of Exodus, "CAS" for Lord British's castle, "EAS" for East Montor, etc.). Anything typed after the first three letters will become part of the map title. Therefore, you can produce maps labeled with dates and/or character names (for example: "SOS Andrea/Igmo/Baywoof" will appear on the map title as "SOSARIA-Andrea/ Igmo/Baywoof").

After inputting the place name plus any embellishments, you are prompted for the drive number and then reminded to insert the source diskette. This may be either the Player Master or an active Player Disk. In the latter case, the printout will show the current locations of all monsters, ships, etc. added since play began. Shortly after the program loads a map it will begin the output, so be sure your printer is already on and the paper positioned. To make it easier to produce a series of maps, a form feed is performed after each printing.

The operation of Ultimapper III.Small is virtually identical to the above except that you are prompted for each dungeon level, 1-8. Most printers will be able to fit four levels on a sheet. The programs make limited use of special commands recognized by Epson and compatible printers: specifically, the vertical compression control code. If you have some other type of printer, this line (they are thoroughly REMarked) will probably have to be deleted or modified.

Besides presenting maze layout, the dungeon mapper also locates ladders, fountains, marks, treasures, and even the mysterious Time Lord, but types of fountains and marks are left to be discovered. The challenge, indeed, remains. But with the fabulous maps of Ultima III in hand, your invincibility is all but assured.

#### Typing It In

Key in the two BASIC programs at the end of this article, and save them.

#### SAVE ULTIMAPPER III.LARGE SAVE ULTIMAPPER III.SMALL

10 REM [][][][][][][][][][][]

BY JEFF HURLBURT

AND ZEH HURLBURT

30 REM [] ULTIMA III MAPPER

That's all. Have fun!

#### (See NOTE on page 15)

#### Ultimapper.Large

20 REM []

40 REM []

50 REM []

| 60 REM []                          |
|------------------------------------|
| 70 REM [][][][][][][][][][][]      |
| 8Ø REM                             |
| 90 TEXT : FOR I = 0 TO 52 : READ   |
| BA : POKE 768 + I ,BA : NEXT       |
| 100 DIM T(20 ) ,S(20 ) ,P\$(20 )   |
| :G\$ = CHR\$ (7)                   |
| 110 FOR I = 1 TO 14 : READ P\$(I)  |
| : NEXT I                           |
| 120 FOR I = 1 TO 14 : READ T(I)    |
| ,S(I ) : NEXT I                    |
| 130 BA = 16384                     |
| 140 FOR I = 0 TO 255 STEP 4 : READ |
| F : FOR J = I TO I + 3 : POKE      |

BA + J ,F : NEXT J : NEXT I

150 READ CK : IF CK < > 999 THEN

PRINT : PRINT "DATA ERROR" : STOP

160 HOME : 10 = 47080 : PRINT TAB( 7 ) "ULTIMA"III"LARGE"MAP MAPPER" : VTAB 7

170 FOR I = 1 TO 14 STEP 2 : PRINT P\$(I ) TAB( 20 )P\$(I + 1 ): NEXT : HTAB 1 : VTAB 18

180 INPUT "PLACEATOAMAPA=>" ;N\$

190 FOR N = 1 TO 14 : IF LEFT\$ (N\$ ,3 ) <> LEFT\$ (P\$(N ) ,3 ) THEN NEXT : GOTO 160

200 PRINT : PRINT "READAFROMA DRIVE =>" ; : GET Q\$ : IF Q\$ < "1" OR Q\$ > "2" THEN 200

210 PRINT :D = VAL (Q\$ ) : VTAB 17 : CALL 64578 : PRINT "PUTA ULTIMA AIII ASCENARIO DISKAINA DRIVEA" D

220 PRINT : PRINT "<ESC>4=4REDO,4 ANYAKEYATOAGOAON" : GET Q\$ : IF Q\$ = CHR\$ (27 ) THEN 160

230 PRINT : VTAB 10 : CALL 64668 : GOSUB 250 : GOSUB 350 : GOTO

240 REM MAP T/S

250 HOME : PRINT "READINGA" P\$(N ) : PRINT : PRINT

260 S = S(N) : T = T(N) : FOR I =Ø TO 15

270 POKE IO + 4 ,T : POKE IO + 5 S : POKE IO + 9 ,32 + I

280 POKE IO + 2 ,D : POKE IO + 3 ,0 : POKE IO + 8 ,0 : POKE IO + 12 ,1

290 CALL 768

300 S = S + 1 : IF S > 15 THEN S =  $\phi : T = T(N) + 1$ 

310 IF PEEK (255 ) THEN PRINT "ERROR" G\$G\$G\$ : END

320 NEXT I

330 RETURN

340 REM PRINT MAP

350 HOME : PR# 1 : PRINT CHR\$ (27 ) "Ø" : REM PRINTER SETUP

360 REM NAME

370 N\$ = N\$ + CHR\$ (0 ) : FOR A = 1 TO LEN (N\$ ) - 2 : IF LEFT\$ (P\$(N ) ,A ) = LEFT\$ (N\$ ,A ) THEN NEXT

380 PRINT P\$(N ) "4-4" RIGHT\$ (N\$ LEN (N\$ ) - A )

390 POKE 254 ,176 : FOR P = 32 TO 47 : POKE 796 ,P : CALL 785 : NEXT

400 PRINT

[]

[]

[]

)

410 PRINT : PRINT "LEGEND" : PRINT :SP\$ = "AAAAAA" : REM SIX SPACES

420 PRINT "AA. AAGRASS" SP\$ "TAA TOWN" SP\$ "\*AAMOUNTAIN" SPC( 5 ) CHR\$ (244 ) "AASMALLAFOREST"

430 PRINT "AGAGUARD" SP\$ "#AA WALL" SP\$ "XAACOMPUTER" SPC( 5 ) "#AABIGAFOREST"

440 PRINT "AAHAAHORSE" SP\$ CHR\$ (243 ) "AASHIP" SP\$ "MAA MONSTER" SP\$ "WAAWHIRLPOOL" 450 PRINT "AA=AATABLE" SP\$ CHR\$

|     |          | (254 ) "AAFIRE" SPC( 5 ) "(A)A                            | 30 REM [] ULTIMA III MAPPER []                               | 52Ø PRIN         | т                                     |             |                            |
|-----|----------|---|--|------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
|     |          | WATER" SP\$ "AAPAAPIRATEASHIP"                            | 40 REM [] BY JEFF HURLBURT []                                | 530 PR#          |                                       |             |                            |
|     | 460      | PRINT "44" CHR\$ (227 ) "44                               | 50 REM [] AND ZEH HURLBURT []                                |                  |                                       | IT "PRE     | SSAANYAKEYA                |
|     |          | CHEST" SP\$ "IAAGATE" SP\$ "CAA                           | 60 REM [] []   |                  | 040N4>>>                              |             |                            |
|     |          | CASTLE" SP\$ "A: ABRICKAWALK"                             | 70 REM [][][][][][][][][][][]                                | 550 RETU         | RN                                    |             |                            |
|     |          | PRINT "AASAASNAKE" SP\$ "KAA                              | 80 REM   | 560 REM          |                                       |             |                            |
|     |          | KING" SP\$ CHR\$ (248 ) "44                               | 90 TEXT : HOME   |                  |                                       |             | ,16 ,133                   |
|     |          | PERSON" SP\$ "A" CHR\$ (162 ) "A                          | 100 FOR I = 0 TO 38 : READ BA :                              |                  |                                       |             | 170 ,189 ,0                |
|     |          | FORCE FIELD"  | POKE 768 + I ,BA : NEXT I                                    |                  |                                       |             | ,200 ,198                  |
|     |          | IF N < > 1 THEN 510                                       | 110 FOR I = 1 TO 7 : READ D\$(I ) :                          | 580 DATA         |                                       |             |                            |
|     |          | PRINT : PRINT "ADUNGEONS" :                               | NEXT I   |                  |                                       |             | ,169 ,0                    |
|     |          | PRINT : PRINT "AA1AAZIGZAG" SPC(5) "2AADARDIN'SAA3AA      | 120 FOR I = 1 TO 7 : READ T(I ) ,S(I ) : NEXT I              |                  |                                       |             | 169 ,255                   |
|     |          | MORINIA";   | 130 DIM N\$(20) : FOR I = 2 TO 15                            | 590 REM          | ,255 ,9                               | 0           |                            |
|     |          | PRINT SP\$ "444TIME" : PRINT                              | : READ N\$(I ) : NEXT I                                      | 600 DATA         |                                       | DAPDI       | NIC                        |
|     |          | "AASAAFIRE" SP\$ "A6AACLUES"                              | 140 N\$(0 ) = ">>>> LEGEND <<<<"                             |                  |                                       |             | RE , CLUES                 |
|     |          | SPC( 5 ) "744SOUTHWEST"                                   | 150 BA = 16384 : FOR I = 0 TO 255                            |                  | THWEST                                | TIL , 1 1   | NE , CLOLS                 |
|     |          | IF N < > 2 THEN 540                                       | : POKE BA + I ,191 : NEXT I                                  | 610 REM          |                                       | LIST        |                            |
|     |          | PRINT : PRINT "AASHRINES" :                               | 160 FOR I = 1 TO 15 : READ M ,F :                            |                  |                                       |             | ,9,8,4,8                   |
|     |          | PRINT : PRINT "AA1AA                                      | POKE BA + M ,F : NEXT I                                      |                  | 7 ,11 ,                               |             |                            |
|     |          | INTELLIGENCE" SP\$;                                       | 170 BA = 47080   | 630 REM          |                                       |             | )                          |
|     | 530      | PRINT SP\$ "244WISDOM" : PRINT                            | 180 TEXT : HOME : VTAB 7                                     | 640 DATA         | LAATIME                               | LORD        | , FAA                      |
|     |          | "AA3AASTRENGTH" SP\$SP\$ SPC( 4                           | 190 INPUT "INPUTADNG#, ALEVEL, A                             | FOUN'            | TAIN , WA                             | STRAN       | GEAWIND ,XA                |
|     |          | ) "4AADEXTERITY"  | DRV#4>>>4";N,A,D   | <b>△</b> TRAI    | AMAA*,                                |             | △GREMLIN                   |
|     |          | PRINT CHR\$ (12 ); : REM                                  | 200 IF N < 1 OR N > 7 OR D < 1 OR D                          |                  | MESSAGE                               |             | CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR      |
|     |          | FORM FEED   | > 2 OR A < 1 OR A > 8 THEN                                   |                  |                                       |             | , VAADOWNA                 |
|     | NE-COLUM | PR# Ø : RETURN  | PRINT G\$ : GOTO 180   |                  |                                       |             | ALADDER ,\$A               |
|     |          | REM RWTS/LINEPRNT   | 210 IF NN = N THEN 250                                       |                  |                                       |             | △HIDDEN△                   |
|     | 5/0      | DATA 32 ,227 ,3 ,32 ,217 ,3 ,169 ,0 ,133 ,72 ,144 ,2 ,169 | 220 VTAB 10 : PRINT "INSERTA<br>ULTIMAAIIIASCENARIOADISK." : |                  | ,044VIS                               |             |                            |
|     |          | ,255 ,133 ,255 ,96 ,160 ,0 ,32                            | PRINT  | 660 REM 1        |                                       |             |                            |
|     |          | ,142 ,253 ,169 ,64 ,133 ,255                              | 230 PRINT "PRESSANYAKEYATOAGOA                               | 215              | 4 216                                 | 5 17        | 4 ,2 ,198 ,3<br>70 ,6 ,199 |
| •   |          | ,185  | ON^>>4" : GET Q\$ : PRINT :                                  |                  | 161 ,16                               | 12 111      | 0,0,177                    |
| b   |          | DATA Ø ,16 ,170 ,189 ,Ø ,64                               | VTAB 10 : CALL 64668   | NUMBER OF STREET | The state of the second second second | 214         | ,48 ,201 ,64               |
|     |          | ,201 ,192 ,208 ,4 ,230 ,254                               | 240 NN = N : GOSUB 280                                       |                  |                                       |             | ,189 ,192                  |
|     |          | ,165 ,254 ,32 ,237 ,253 ,200                              | 250 GOSUB 400  | ,207             | ,,,,,                                 |             | ,,                         |
| 3   |          | ,240 ,225 ,198 ,255 ,208 ,231                             | 260 GOTO 180   | ,                |                                       |             |                            |
|     |          | ,240 ,222   | 270 REM READ DUNGEON T/S                                     | Ultimap          | ner I ar                              | ge Che      | ckeume                     |
| -51 |          | REM PLACES  | 280 HOME : PRINT "READING"                                   | Citimap          | per.Lar                               | ge Che      | CRSUIIS                    |
|     |          | DATA SOSARIA , AMBROSIA , LCB                             | DUNGEON^#" N : PRINT : PRINT                                 | 10 -             | \$BADD                                | 300         | - \$ABC3                   |
|     |          | ,LORDABRITISHACASTLE ,FAWN                                | 290 S = S(N ) :T = T(N ) : FOR I =                           |                  | \$9B13                                | 310         | - \$8250                   |
|     |          | ,GREY ,YEW ,DEATH GULCH                                   | Ø TO 7   |                  | \$4D3B                                | 320         | - \$83A4                   |
|     |          | DATA DEVILAGUARD , DAWN , WESTA                           | 300 POKE BA + 4 ,T : POKE BA + 5                             | 10.53            | \$AD92                                | 330         | - \$B72F                   |
|     |          | MONTOR , EASTAMONTOR , MOON                               | ,S : POKE BA + 9 ,16 + I                                     |                  | \$0899                                | 340         | - \$CB6F                   |
|     |          | ,EXODUSACASTLE  | 310 POKE BA + 2 ,D : POKE BA + 3                             |                  | \$FF65                                | 350         | - \$5314                   |
|     |          | REM MAPS T/S LIST   | ,0 : POKE BA + 8 ,0 : POKE BA                                | 70 -             | \$A3BF                                | 360         | - \$CCOB                   |
|     | 61.0     | DATA 3 ,14 ,4 ,15<br>DATA 20 ,2 ,22 ,6 ,11 ,2 ,14         | + 12 ,1<br>320 CALL 790                                      | 80 -             | \$A900                                | 370         | - \$D3F6                   |
|     | 040      | ,8 ,17 ,14  | 330 S = S + 1 : IF S > 15 THEN S =                           |                  | \$F6CE                                | 380         | - \$C8D9                   |
|     | 650      | DATA 10 ,0 ,12 ,4 ,13 ,6 ,15                              | Ø :T = T(N) + 1  |                  | \$17A0                                | 390         | - \$DC94                   |
|     |          | ,10 ,16 ,12 ,19 ,0 ,21 ,4                                 | 340 IF NOT PEEK (255 ) THEN 370                              | 21 000           | \$3D36                                | 400         | - \$DC30                   |
|     | 660      | REM MAP TRANSLATE CHARACTERS                              | 350 PRINT : PRINT G\$  |                  | \$0993                                | 410         | - \$F7B2                   |
|     |          | DATA 160 ,174 ,244 ,222 ,170                              | 360 PRINT ">>> AERRORA <<<" : END                            |                  | \$91D4                                | 420         | - \$52AB                   |
|     |          | ,192 ,212 ,195 ,186 ,227 ,200                             | 370 NEXT I   |                  | \$4037                                | 430         | - \$D971                   |
|     |          | ,243 ,215 ,205 ,205 ,208 ,248                             | 38Ø RETURN   |                  | \$1343<br>\$C53E                      | 440         | - \$48BO                   |
|     |          | ,248  | 390 REM PRINT DUNGEON LEVEL                                  |                  | \$9CF9                                | 450         | - \$BF56                   |
|     | 680      | DATA 199 ,203 ,248 ,248 ,248                              | 400 PR# 1  | 2000             | \$BOA4                                | 460         | - \$A4C5                   |
|     |          | ,248 ,205 ,205 ,205 ,205                                  | 410 PRINT CHR\$ (27 ) "0" : REM                              |                  | \$64B6                                | 470<br>480  | - \$62AO<br>- \$EC15       |
|     |          | ,205 ,205 ,216 ,162 ,254 ,164                             | PRINTER SETUP  |                  | \$B89B                                | 490         | - \$C537                   |
|     |          | ,163  | 420 HOME   |                  | \$AA45                                | 500         | - \$FE39                   |
|     |          | DATA 160 ,189 ,193 ,194 ,195                              | 430 REM EXPANDED PRINT FOR NAME                              |                  | \$517E                                | 510         | - \$26F0                   |
|     |          | ,196 ,197 ,198 ,199 ,200 ,201                             | 440 PRINT D\$(N ) "ADUNGEONA (#" N                           |                  | \$9A44                                | 520         | - \$D9AD                   |
|     |          | ,213 ,217 ,204 ,205 ,206 ,207                             | ")" TAB( 25 ) "LEVEL A" A                                    | 2007204          | \$F63B                                | 530         | - \$62E7                   |
|     | 744      | ,208  | 450 PRINT  | 250 -            | \$A12E                                | 540         | - \$753D                   |
|     | 100      | DATA 215 ,210 ,211 ,212 ,211                              | 460 POKE 776 ,15 + A   |                  | \$025F                                | 550         | - \$6732                   |
|     |          | ,211 ,162 ,162 ,192 ,248 ,999                             | 470 FOR I = Ø TO 15  |                  | \$7B86                                | 560         | - \$B53C                   |
|     | Ulti     | mapper.Small  | 48¢ POKE 769 ,I * 16   |                  | \$9556                                | 570         | - \$FBEO                   |
|     |          |   | 490 CALL 768   | 290 -            | \$1181                                | 580         | - \$A58E                   |
|     |          |   | EAG DOTHT HAAAAAH NACC                                       |                  |                                       | - CO. T. C. |                            |
|     |          | EM [][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]                 | 500 PRINT "AAAAA" N\$(I )<br>510 NEXT I                      |                  |                                       |             | ued on page 2              |

Ultima ][...

A uthor: Hardcore COMPUTIST #4 had some good information on Ultima II, but the articles left some memory locations unknown. In this article, I will fill in some of these locations and add more information on how to make use of the internal structure and how to gain control over the monsters of Ultima II.

Before going into the new memory locations, let's look at how Ultima ][ stores data. It should be obvious that Ultima will save a game for you when you quit, but have you ever wondered why it spins the disk drive whenever you step through a time door or enter a town, village, castle, or tower? Or perhaps you have noticed that after you quit the game, enter a town or castle, or step through a time door, when you return, all of the same monsters are still waiting for you. Everything is exactly as you left it in each time zone; monsters, horses, planes, ships, etc. In fact, if you had hit a monster that took four hits to kill only three times, it would take only one more hit to kill it after your return. So, how does Ultima ][ remember where everything is, how strong the monsters are, and even what background scene was behind each monster so it can replace the monster with the correct background when it moves or is killed?

All of the information concerning what is stored where (grass, trees, monsters, etc.) for each square of the earth is stored in the MAP. Every time zone has its own MAP.

In memory, this information is stored from \$1000 to \$1FFF (starting Address \$1000, Length \$1000). Whenever the player leaves the scene by quitting, entering a town, village, tower, etc., the MAP is saved to disk. A code for the time zone is also written into the PLAYER's information so Ultima ][ knows where to return to.

The MAP only stores the images of the monsters' locations. It doesn't have any information that gives them life. This information is stored in the computer's memory at Address \$4D00, Length \$100 and is saved to disk as MON with a different number added for each time zone.

And, just as Hardcore says, the player is saved in memory at Address \$4E00, Length \$100. This information which begins with the active time zone and contains all of the information about the players status and possessions is stored to disk as "PLAYER".

Now for more details on those unknown memory locations. Location \$4E13 gives the time zone that was last used; Ø for legends, 1 for Pangea, 2 for B.C., 3 for A.D., and 4 for Aftermath. This is stored to disk here to tell the program which Map and set of monsters to load next time you start up

again, leave a town or tower, or step through a time door.

Location \$4E14 is the flag to show if the character is outside on the surface or in a castle, tower, or dungeon. The values are Ø for the surface, 1 for a village, 2 for a town, 3 for a castle, 4 for a tower, and 5 for a dungeon. This flag is necessary so that when you hit a movement key, the game knows whether to move you a space or turn you right or left. You can get some strange results by changing these values, but you can always cast a surface spell, if you have one, to get back "out".

Location \$4E37 is a flag to tell if you are on Earth or out in space so that you will be allowed to SAVE a game with "Q" or be prevented from saving if you are off of Earth. Value Ø means on Earth and any other value means off Earth.

Location \$4E38 contains the constantly changing values  $\emptyset$ , 2, 4, and 6 to show which time door is currently active. Changing these values can throw off the whole system and may even cause a time door to open up out in the ocean.

Location \$4E39 is the time counter to regulate how long each time door remains on before the game shifts to the next time door. Its value is constantly changing, counting down the time for the time door to remain open.

Location \$4E1F is also a time counter. It counts down the time until another parcel of food is subtracted.

Issue No. 4 of Hardcore COMPUTIST gave the locations \$4E24 and \$4E25 for the Player's X and Y coordinates. That's not quite true. These two locations contain the X, Y values of where the player was when the game was last saved to disk. Remember that a game is saved whenever you quit, enter a town, village, castle, tower, or dungeon, or step through a time door. Therefore, when you RESET out of the game and return, you

# ... The Rest Of The Picture

By Wesley R. Felty

won't be at the same place that you left unless you had just had a disk save operation. This is especially evident inside a town or castle where a return from RESET turns you up in strange places, maybe even inside a fountain, since you are returned to the coordinates that you last had outside on the ground.

Notice also that the world is 64 by 64 (\$40) spaces big. The X coordinate goes right and the Y coordinate goes down. This knowledge allows you to teleport around the earth and even inside castles, towns, and towers. You don't need keys when you can transport through a wall.

After stepping through a time door, you might find it useful to jump to \$39, \$33 to check out the sign as to where you are. Just hit RESET, enter "CALL-151", to get into the monitor, type 4E24, and hit RETURN twice. The first two numbers that you see are respectively, your X and Y coordinates. You may wish to jot them down so that you can return to the same location later. Now enter "4E24:39 33". A CONTROL-Y takes you back into the game with you standing beside the sign on Australia unless you had landed back in Pangea or Legends, and there it is obvious.

One aspect of Ultima | that the Hardcore COMPUTIST didn't touch on was how to control the monsters. All of the working information on them is stored in memory locations \$4D00-4DFF. With a brand new player disk, this area is blank and the game begins to create new monsters and fills up this area of memory. Each monster has five parameters stored here, but they are scattered symmetrically through this page of memory. For the first monster, the X coordinate is at \$4D1F. The Y coordinate is at \$4D3F. The strength of the monster is at \$4D5F. The type of monster is at \$4D7F and the background behind the monster (to replace it with when you kill him or he moves) is at \$4D9F. The types of monsters are \$30 for Orcs, \$34 for Daemons, \$38 for Devils, \$3C for Balrons, \$FØ for Fighters, \$FC for Thieves, \$2C for Sea Monsters, and \$40 for Minax herself. The backgrounds are 0 for water, \$4 for Bog, \$8 for Grass, and \$C for woods.

After the first monster is created with its five parameters scattered throughout this page of memory, the second is created with its parameters, each being at a position one byte less than the first. For example the X coordinates for the first three monsters would be stored at \$4D1F, \$4D1E, and \$4D1D respectively. The types of monsters for these three would be stored at \$4D5F, \$4D5E, and \$4D5D. When a monster is killed, the third, fourth, and fifth of these parameters are reset to zero.

Knowing this, you can go into memory and change the strength or type of monster or even kill it. Or an easy way to get into a town, tower, castle, etc is to change the background of an attacking monster to \$18 for a town, \$1C for a tower, or \$20 for a castle. Or, why not replace a Sea Monster, \$2C,

with a ship, \$48?

In fact, to get a complete list of all of the figures in Ultima ][, use the table on Page 17 of Hardcore COMPUTIST # 4. Count off the figures by hex fours (4, 8, C, 10, 14, 18, 1C, 20, etc). Water is 0. Swamp is \$4. Grass is \$8. A forest is \$C. A rocket is \$50, etc. This information allows you to look at the MAP of the world and its towns and monsters (memory locations \$1000-1FFF), the list of monsters (\$4D00-4DFF), or the player (\$4E00-4EFF) and know what each number represents.

One last point here concerns how the information is stored on disk as opposed to the computer memory. When a game is saved, the current MAP (A\$1000,L\$1000) is saved also, the MON(sters) (A\$4D00, L\$100) are saved, and the PLAYER (A\$4E00,L\$100) is saved. The player is saved at track 4, sector 8, but the address for each item isn't quite the same as in the computer memory. For all of these, the addresses for all bytes on disk are four greater than in memory since the first four bytes in a disk binary file list the Address and Length of the file. For example, computer memory location \$4E12 shows the race of the player. On disk, it is stored at track 4, sector 8, location 16 (\$12 + 4). This new knowledge allows us to manipulate our player or monsters on disk as well as in memory.

The disk method will even work with a normal non-deprotected disk in case someone doesn't wish to bother breaking Ultima out of its copy protection. Enterprising programmers may even want to come up with an Ultima monster editing program.

## H

#### Continued from page 18

| 4470 001174  | FO #F0F0  | OUTPUT CHAR               |
|--------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| 1130 COUT1   |           | OUTPUT CHAR               |
| ACTERS WITHO |           | NAME OF TAXABLE PROPERTY. |
| 1140 LEFT    |           | LEFT MARGIN               |
| FOR INVERT   |           | THE PROPERTY.             |
| 1150 RIGHT   |           | RIGHT MARGI               |
| N FOR INVERT |           |                           |
| 1160 TOP     | .EQ \$FE  | TOP MARGIN                |
| FOR INVERT   |           |                           |
| 1170 BOTTOM  | .EQ \$FF  | BOTTOM MARG               |
| IN           |           |                           |
| 1180 BASL    | .EQ \$28  | POINTER TO                |
| SCREEN BAS A | DDRESS    |                           |
| 1190         |           |                           |
| 1200         | .OR \$E00 |                           |
| 1210         | .TF ULTIM | AKER.OBJ                  |
| 1220         |           |                           |
| 1230         |           |                           |
| 1240 READ.CH | ARACTERS  |                           |
| 1250         | LDA #3    | R/W CHARS                 |
| 1260         | STA NXT.T | RK INTO \$800             |
| 1270         | LDY #8    | THROUGH                   |
| 1280         | STY BUFF+ |                           |
| 1290         | DEY       |                           |
| 1300         | STY SECTO | R SECTOR 7                |
| 1310         |           | 1 120000                  |
| 1320         | IDA #O    | ZERO ERRORS               |
| 1520         | LUIT III  | LLIIO LIMONO              |

| 1330  |   |   |  |
|---|---|---|--|
|   |   | ERR.FLAG  |  |
| 1340  | STA   | BUFF  |  |
| 1350  | STA   | VOL   | ANY VOLUME   |
| 1360  |   |   |  |
| 1370  | LDA   | BASIC.CM  | READ OR  |
| 1380  |   | COMMAND   |  |
| 1390  | •   | 001111111111111111111111111111111111111   |  |
| 1400 DO1  | ICD   | \$7E7   | GET IOB ADD  |
|   | JOK   | 43E3  | GET TOB ADD  |
| R   |   |   |  |
|   |   |   | DO A SECTOR  |
|   | 11332150  | NO.ERR  |  |
| 1430  | INC   | ERR.FLAG  | ERROR!   |
| 1440  |   |   |  |
| 1450 NO.ERR   | INC   | BUFF+1  | NXT PAGE   |
|   |   |   | NXT SECTR  |
|   |   | BUFF+1  | DONE?  |
|   |   | #\$0E   | JOHL.  |
| 1490  | DCC   |   | NODE DOANG   |
|   | BCC   | DOT   | NOPE, BRANC  |
| H   |   |   | THE PERSON IS  |
| 4.0000  | RTS   |   | THAT'S ALL   |
| 1510  |   |   |  |
| 1520 *  |   |   |  |
| 1530 * PRINT  | OUT S   | STATS OF  | Widow Was  |
| 1540 * CHARAC   |   |   |  |
| 1550 *  |   |   |  |
| 1560  |   |   |  |
| 1570 NUM. PRT   | 104   | COUADY V  | CET BYTE   |
|   |   |   |  |
| 1580  |   |   |  |
|   |   | CV  | MOVE DOWN  |
|   |   | CV  |  |
| 1610  | JSR   | BASCALC   |  |
| 1620  | DEC   | CH  | AND BACK   |
| 1630  | DEC   | CH  | TWICE  |
| 1640  |   |   | NEXT BYTE  |
|   | DEX   |   | DONE?  |
|   |   |   | NO, DO NEXT  |
|   |   |   | NO, DO NEXT  |
| 1670  | KIS   |   |  |
| 1680  |   |   |  |
|   |   | CH  | DO HTAB  |
| 1690 NEW.X.Y  | STX   | Cn  |  |
|   | STA   | CV  |  |
|   | STA   | CV  | AND A VTAB   |
| 1700  | STA   | CV  | AND A VTAB   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720  | STA   | CV<br>BASCALC   | AND A VTAB   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT   | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX   | CV<br>BASCALC<br>#4   | FOUR BITS  |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR  | CV<br>BASCALC<br>#4   | FOUR BITS<br>YES OR NO?  |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX   | CV<br>BASCALC<br>#4   | FOUR BITS  |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA   | CV<br>BASCALC<br>#4   | FOUR BITS<br>YES OR NO?<br>SAVE FOR NE   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA  | CV<br>BASCALC<br>#4<br>#\$D9  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA<br>BCS   | CV<br>BASCALC<br>#4<br>#\$D9<br>Y.OUT   | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY  |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA<br>BCS<br>LDA  | CV<br>BASCALC<br>#4<br>#\$D9<br>Y.OUT<br>#\$CE  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT  |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA<br>BCS<br>LDA  | CV<br>BASCALC<br>#4<br>#\$D9<br>Y.OUT<br>#\$CE  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT  |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA<br>BCS<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>DEC  | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA<br>BCS<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>DEC  | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA<br>BCS<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>DEC<br>INC   | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV   | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA<br>BCS<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>DEC<br>INC<br>LDA  | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV   | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA<br>BCS<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>DEC<br>INC<br>LDA<br>JSR   | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840  | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA<br>BCS<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>DEC<br>INC<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>PLA  | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850  | STA JMP  LDX  LSR PHA  BCS  LDA  JSR DEC  LDA  JSR PLA  DEX   | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860  | STA JMP  LDX  LSR PHA  BCS  LDA  JSR DEC  LDA  JSR PLA  DEX  BNE  | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860<br>1870  | STA JMP  LDX LSR PHA  LDA BCS LDA JSR DEC LDA JSR PLA DEX BNE RTS   | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860<br>1870<br>1870  | STA JMP  LDX LSR PHA  LDA BCS LDA JSR DEC INC LDA JSR PLA DEX BNE RTS   | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860<br>1870<br>1880<br>1890 PRINT.A.   | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>BCS<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>DEC<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>PLA<br>DEX<br>BNE<br>RTS   | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860<br>1870<br>1880<br>1890 PRINT.A.   | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>BCS<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>DEC<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>PLA<br>DEX<br>BNE<br>RTS   | #4 #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC   | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860<br>1870<br>1880<br>1890 PRINT.A.   | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>BCS<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>DEC<br>INC<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>PLA<br>DEX<br>BNE<br>RTS  | #4 #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  P2   | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860<br>1870<br>1880<br>1870<br>1880<br>1890 PRINT.A.<br>1900<br>1910                         | STA<br>JMP<br>LDX<br>LSR<br>PHA<br>LDA<br>BCS<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>DEC<br>INC<br>LDA<br>JSR<br>PLA<br>DEX<br>ERTS<br>CHAR   | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  P2  ACTER  #20                                  | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860<br>1870<br>1880<br>1870<br>1880<br>1870<br>1880<br>1890 PRINT.A.<br>1900<br>1910<br>1920 | STA JMP  LDX LSR PHA  LDA BCS LDA JSR DEC INC LDA JSR PLA DEXE BNE RTS  CHARLED LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LD  | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV V BASCALC  P2  ACTER  #20 #2                                | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860<br>1870<br>1880<br>1870<br>1880<br>1890 PRINT.A.<br>1900<br>1910<br>1920<br>1930         | STA JMP  LDX LSR PHA  LDA BCS LDA JSR DEC INC LDA JSR PLA DEX BNE RTS  CHAR LDX JSR   | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  P2  ACTER  #20 #2 NEW.X.Y                       | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP   |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860<br>1870<br>1880<br>1890 PRINT.A.<br>1900<br>1910<br>1920<br>1930<br>1940                 | STA JMP  LDX LSR PHA  BCS LDA  JSR DEC LDA  JSR PLA  DEX BNE  RTS  CHAR  LDA  LDA  LDA  LDA  LDA  LDA  LDA  L   | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  P2  ACTER  #20 #2 NEW.X.Y #14                   | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP  JMP 20,2  CARD BYTE                    |
| 1700<br>1710<br>1720<br>1730 Y.N.PRNT<br>1740 P2<br>1750<br>XT SHIFT<br>1760<br>1770<br>1780<br>1790 Y.OUT<br>1800<br>1810<br>1820<br>1830<br>1840<br>1850<br>1860<br>1870<br>1880<br>1890 PRINT.A.<br>1900<br>1910<br>1920<br>1930<br>1940<br>1950         | STA JMP  LDX LSR PHA  BCS LDA JSR DEC LDA JSR PLA  DEX BNE RTS  CHAR  LDX LDA   | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  P2  ACTER  #20 #2 NEW.X.Y #14 (CHAR),Y          | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP  JMP 20,2  CARD BYTE GET IT             |
| 1700 1710 1720 1730 Y.N.PRNT 1740 P2 1750 XT SHIFT 1760 1770 1780 1790 Y.OUT 1800 1810 1820 1830 1840 1850 1860 1870 1880 1890 PRINT.A. 1900 1910 1920 1930 1940 1950 1960  | STA JMP  LDX LSR PHA  BCS LDA JSR DEC LDA JSR PLA  DEX BNE RTS  CHAR  LDX LDA JSR LDA LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  P2  ACTER  #20 #2 NEW.X.Y #14 (CHAR),Y Y.N.PRNT | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP  JMP 20,2  CARD BYTE                    |
| 1700 1710 1720 1730 Y.N.PRNT 1740 P2 1750 XT SHIFT 1760 1770 1780 1790 Y.OUT 1800 1810 1820 1830 1840 1850 1860 1870 1880 1890 PRINT.A. 1900 1910 1920 1930 1940 1950 1960  | STA JMP  LDX LSR PHA  BCS LDA JSR DEC LDA JSR PLA  DEX BNE RTS  CHAR  LDX LDA JSR LDA LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  P2  ACTER  #20 #2 NEW.X.Y #14 (CHAR),Y Y.N.PRNT | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP  JMP 20,2  CARD BYTE GET IT PRINT CARDS |
| 1700 1710 1720 1730 Y.N.PRNT 1740 P2 1750 XT SHIFT 1760 1770 1780 1790 Y.OUT 1800 1810 1820 1830 1840 1850 1860 1870 1880 1890 PRINT.A. 1900 1910 1920 1930 1940 1950 1960  | STA JMP  LDX LSR PHA  BCS LDA JSR DEC LDA JSR PLA BNE RTS  CHAR  LDX LDA JSR LDY LDA JSR PHA  | CV BASCALC  #4  #\$D9 Y.OUT #\$CE COUT1 CH CV CV BASCALC  P2  ACTER  #20 #2 NEW.X.Y #14 (CHAR),Y Y.N.PRNT | FOUR BITS YES OR NO? SAVE FOR NE SLOW, BUT MEMORY EFFICIENT BACKUP  JMP 20,2  CARD BYTE GET IT             |

#### Continued from page 14

SERPENTINE (BS):see Choplifter S.E.V.I.S. (SSI): 1 t0-t22 mode-2 SEX RATED (UNK):normal \* SHATTERED ALLIANCE:(SSI) normal SHELIA (UNK):normal write-protect before booting !! SHERWOOD FOREST (PH):normal SHIFTY SAM (UNK):normal \* SHIVARY (UNK): mode-2 \* SKIING 3D (CTS):normal \* SNEAKERS (SRS):see Beer-Run SOFT PORN ADVENTURE:(SOL) see Jawbreaker SONGWRITER:see Lock-It-Up ' SORCERER (IC):normal or try:\* t0-t22 mode-2 or try:\* t0-t22 parm 28 = 21 mode-2 SORCERER OF SIVA (UNK):normal SPACE (EW):normal \* SPACE EGGS (SRS):normal SPACE RESCUE (UNK):normal \* SPACE VIKINGS (SL):normal \* SPANISH/ENGLISH HANGMAN (GE):normal \* SPECTRE (DM):normal \* SPEED READER II (AC):mode-2 \* Data disks:normal \* SPELLICOPTER (UNK):mode-2 \* SPELLIKAZAM (UNK):normal SPELLING BEE (EW):normal \* SPIDER EATER (UNK): \* t0-t16 mode-2 recopy tracks 3 and 4 until boot SPITFIRE SIMULATOR (MS):normal \* SPY'S DEMISE (PEN):normal (t0-t12) SPY STRIKES BACK (PEN):\* t0-t11 tE.5 recopy t0 until boot STANDING STONES (EA): ' side-1:see Axis Assassin side-2:see Axis Assassin or try: t1.25-t22.25 mode-2 STAR BLAZER (BS): t0 - tB mode-2 tC.25-t1E.25 t20 or see Choplifter STARCROSS (IC):normal STARGATE (UNK):normal STAR THIEF (CC):\* t0-t13 t22 mode-3 or -4 STAR WARRIOR (EP):mode-2 \* STAR WARS ADVENTURE (UNK):normal ' STELLAR DEFENSE (UNK):normal \* STELLAR SEVEN (SEC): see Lock-It-Up STEP BY STEP (UNK): \* t0-t22 mode-3 t5,t6,tA mode-2 STOCK PORTFOLIO SYSTEM (SMI):normal \* STORY MACHINE (UNK):mode-2 '

STRIP POKER (ARW):mode-2 \*

SUNDOG (UNK):mode-3 \*

SUPER DISK COPY 3.8 (SEN):normal (t0-t8) \* SUPER SPEED READING (MGN):normal \* SUPER TEXT PROFESSIONAL (MU):normal \* SUSPENDED (IC):normal SWASHBUCKLER (DM):parm 28 = 10 or try: t0-t22 parm 5 = 12 TAWALA'S LAST REDOUT (BS):mode-2 \* TACTICAL ARMOR COMMAND (AVH):normal TAX ADVANTAGE 1983 (CTS):normal \* TAXMAN (HAL):normal TAX MANAGER (ML):normal \* TEMPLE OF APHSAI (EP):normal TENNIS ANYONE:normal \* TERRAPIN LOGO ver 1.0 (TER):normal or try: \* t0-t5 mode-5 or 6 t6-t22 mode-2 write-protect before booting! TERRORIST (UNK):normal TERRORISTE (UNK): 1 t0 - t1F t20.75-t22.75 THIEF (DM): t0-t22 t4-t5 mode-2 THREE MILE ISLAND (MU):normal THRESHOLD (SOL): t0-t22 t1 mode-3 or -4 THUNDER BOMBS (PEN):normal (t0-t11) TIC TAC SHOW (UNK): t1.5-t4.5 t6 - t22 Series Disks:normal TIGERS IN THE SNOW (SSI):normal \* TIME ZONE side A (SOL):see Miner 2049er sides B-L:normal TITAN EMPIRE (UNK):normal \* TORPEDO FIRE (SSI):normal TRACK ATTACK (BS):see Choplifter TRANSEND (TRN):normal TRANSEND II (TRN):normal \* TRANSYLVANIA (PEN):normal \* TUBEWAY (DM):normal TUESDAY MORNING QUARTERBACK (UNK):normal TURTLE TRACTS (UNK):normal \* TYPE ATTACK (SRS):see Flip Out \* TYPE MASTER (UNK):normal TYPING TUTOR (MIS):normal TYPING TUTOR II (MIS):normal \* U-BOAT COMMAND (SY):normal \* ULTIMA (CP):normal ULTIMA II (SOL): see Miner 2049er ULTIMA III (OR):see Miner 2049er ULYSSES AND THE GOLDEN FLEECE (SOL):normal UNI-SOLVE (UNK):normal VERB VIPER (UNK):normal VIEWMAX-80 (UNK):normal write-protect before booting!!! VISIBLE COMPUTER (SWM):6502:normal \* recopy track '0' until it boots VISICALC 80 COLUMN PREBOOT:(VX) normal VISICALC II (VCP):normal VISICALC IIe (VCP):normal (old version) VISICALC ADVANCED (VCP):normal

SUPER BUNNY (UNK):mode-2 \*

SUPER COPY III (SEN):normal \*

or try: t0-t2 t3-t22 parm 28 = 40 59 = B5 5E = 7F 5F = 7F VISICALC III:(VCP) mode-2 \* VISICALC TUTORIAL (UNK):normal VISIDEX (VCP):normal t0-t22 parm 28 = 3 mode-2 VISIFILE II (VCP):normal \* VISIPLOT II (VCP):normal VISISCHEDULE II (VCP):normal \* VISITERM II (VCP):normal \* VISITREND/PLOT 1.1 (VCP):normal \* VOCABULARY BUILDERS (UNK):normal \* t0-t22 parm 0 = 1 or try:

Continued on page 28

#### Continued from page 20

| - \$114D | 650  | _  | \$7408   |
|----------|--|--|--|
| - \$4323 | 660  | -  | \$6FOD   |
| - \$9D38 | 670  | -  | \$2023   |
| - \$37AC | 680  | _  | \$74E4   |
| - \$3C46 | 690  | -  | \$02D1   |
| - \$671D | 700  | 120  | \$C28E   |
|          | - \$4323<br>- \$9D38<br>- \$37AC<br>- \$3C46 | - \$4323 660<br>- \$9038 670<br>- \$37AC 680<br>- \$3C46 690 | - \$4323 660 -<br>- \$9038 670 -<br>- \$37AC 680 -<br>- \$3C46 690 - |

#### Ultimapper.Small Checksums

|     | iapper.om. |     | -casalis         |
|-----|------------|-----|------------------|
| 10  | - \$BADD   | 350 | - \$0526         |
| 20  | - \$9B13   | 360 | - \$EFA6         |
| 30  | - \$4D3B   | 370 | - \$D72A         |
| 40  | - \$AD92   | 380 | - \$7940         |
| 50  | - \$0899   | 390 | - \$208A         |
| 60  | - \$FF65   | 400 | - \$7D72         |
| 70  | - \$A3BF   | 410 | - \$7808         |
| 80  | - \$A900   | 420 | - \$2D58         |
| 90  | - \$53F3   | 430 | - \$58FA         |
| 100 | - \$2902   | 440 | - \$31c0         |
| 110 | - \$36AC   | 450 | - \$F84C         |
| 120 | - \$D26A   | 460 | - \$AA6E         |
| 130 | - \$CD70   | 470 | - \$593E         |
| 140 | - \$28A0   | 480 | - \$C42B         |
| 150 | - \$6403   | 490 | - \$6E12         |
| 160 | - \$CA65   | 500 | - \$B524         |
| 170 | - \$16AE   | 510 | - \$6B40         |
| 180 | - \$25E7   | 520 | - <b>\$878</b> C |
| 190 | - \$7A69   | 530 | - \$5F5B         |
| 200 | - \$50E7   | 540 | - \$A937         |
| 210 | - \$ED19   | 550 | - \$8F66         |
| 220 | - \$FDF9   | 560 | - \$F1DC         |
| 230 | - \$4F05   | 570 | - \$A9FA         |
| 240 | - \$E1C4   | 580 | - \$E51C         |
| 250 | - \$74B6   | 590 | - \$CB29         |
| 260 | - \$EFDD   | 600 | - \$1F43         |
| 270 | - \$592A   | 610 | - \$88CB         |
| 280 | - \$9664   | 620 | - \$9C2B         |
| 290 | - \$F3B4   | 630 | - \$08B6         |
| 300 | - \$4A76   | 640 | - \$C59B         |
| 310 | - \$CBEA   | 650 | - \$C84E         |
| 320 | - \$A738   | 660 | - \$D1CD         |
| 330 | - \$3800   | 670 | - \$EFOD         |
| 340 | - \$7BF5   | 680 | - \$67DD         |
|     |            |     |                  |



#### **Most Wanted List**

If you have been trying to backup a program, and have only ended up pulling your hair out as a result of the ordeal, let us know about it.

We have received softkeys for a number of programs previously in our list and these will be published as soon as each has been evaluated and edited by our staff.

> Hardcore COMPUTIST Wanted List P.O. Box 44549 Tacoma, WA 98444

If you know how to de-protect, unlock or modify any of the programs below, we encourage you to help other Hardcore COMPUTIST readers and earn some extra money at the same time. Send the information to us in article form on a DOS 3.3 diskette.

1. Apple Business Graphics

Apple Computer

- 2. Flight Simulator II Sub Logic
  - 3. Type Attack Sirius Software
  - 4. DB Master 4.0 Stoneware, Inc.
  - 5. Time Is Money Turning Point
- 6. Crossword MAGIC
- L & S Computerware
  - 7. Visiblend Micro Lab
- 8. BPI General Ledger Apple Computer
- 9. Dollars And Sense Monogram
  - 10. Word Juggler Quark, Inc.
    - Catalyst Quark, Inc.
- 12. Rocky's Boots
  The Learning Company
  13. PFS Graph
- Software Publishing Corp.
  - 14. HAMSOFT Kaltronics
- 15. The Statistics Series
  Human Systems Dynamics
  - 16. Millionaire Blue Chip Software
  - Blue Chip Software

    17. Facemaker

    Spinnaker
  - 18. Story Machine Spinnaker
  - 19. MASTER TYPE
  - Scarborough Systems
    - 20. Sargon III Hayden
- 21. Dow Jones Market Analyzer
  Dow Jones Software

22. Zardax

- Computer Solutions
  23. Stickybear Series
- Xerox Education Publications

24. Bookends Sensible Software

## Sensible Speller IV: UPDATE

By Doni G. Grande

Sensible Speller IV Sensible Software 6619 Perham Drive West Bloomfield, MI 48033 (313) 399-8877 \$125.00

Requirements: Apple II or II + 16K Ram Card Blank Disk Any DOS track copy program

he softkey that was published in Hardcore Computist No. 9 for Sensible Speller IV was based upon revision 4.0d and, unfortunately, would only work correctly on that revision. Apparently there have been many minor revisions (over a dozen) to Sensible Speller and most of these revisions have changed the program to the extent that it no longer has the same startup point nor does it occupy the same memory range. If the softkey from No. 9 is attempted on these revised versions, the results are usually disappointing: the copy will either hang up after loading the Sensible Speller logo or will give a "CHECKSUM ERROR" message when the main menu appears. Don't despair, though, because with some modifications to one of the programs presented in the original article (SPELLER.LOADER) the softkey can be performed successfully on any revision of Sensible Speller IV (at least up to revision 4.2b anyway).

#### What It Does

Let us first delve a little deeper into what the original softkey does. This demonstrates an excellent use for a RAM card. A little realized fact about RAM cards is that they completely ignore the RESET key. When power is first applied to the Apple, the RAM card's own reset circuitry is set to certain power-up defaults. After that, whenever it is enabled by use of the softswitches (see the manual that came with the card if you do not know about softswitches), it keeps control until it is specifically turned off. That is why it was possible to reset into the monitor in the original softkey by just using the RAM card. This technique is normally possible only with an INTEGER card or modified F8 ROM! Those of you out there cursing your lack of an INTEGER card should note the use of the RAM card here.

Readers who wish to make a back up of Sensible Speller IV but don't have a removable RAM card should read the article "More on Sensible Speller IV" on page 6 of Hardcore COMPUTIST No. 16.

The procedure described by Mr. Cranston doesn't require a RAM card but does require that the entry point to the Sensible Speller menu be known for the particular revision being backed up. Entry points for revisions 4.0c and 4.1c were given in the article and we have since learned the menu entry points for several other revisions. The table below gives the menu points for several different revisions currently in circulation. The correct entry point should be used in line 1070 of the source code or at address \$B791-\$B792 of the object code. If you don't have one of the versions listed try using an entry point of \$0800.

| Revision | Entry Point |
|----------|-------------|
| 4.0c     | \$33B8      |
| 4.Ød     | \$33D9      |
| 4.0h     | \$351A      |
| 4.Øi     | \$3538      |
| 4.0j     | \$3522      |
| 4.1b     | \$3514      |
| 4.1c     | \$3517      |
| 4.2a     | \$3584      |
| 4.2b     | \$3586      |

To determine why the original softkey works (at least on 4.0d), get out your copy of Hardcore COMPUTIST No. 9 and follow along. First, the RAM card is moved to slot one, which is a non-standard slot. As mentioned in the article, most software only looks in slot zero for a RAM card, so it is effectively hidden by moving it to slot one. Also, as mentioned above, once the RAM card has control of the Apple, not even RESET will make it let go! So an active RAM card in slot one is not likely to be disabled by software and has the full power of a "normal" (slot zero) RAM card.

Next, a disk with a somewhat modified DOS is made. This modification consists of a "patch" in the \$B6 page of DOS (A page of memory is 256 locations, which works out in hexadecimal to mean that the first two digits of the address do not change. Hence, page \$03 refers to the memory range \$0300-\$03FF). Page \$B6 (\$B600-\$B6FF) resides on the disk on track 0, sector 0 and is the first sector to be read into memory when a disk is booted. It is read into memory page \$08 where, upon execution, it normally reads Track \$0, sectors \$0 through \$9 into memory at \$B600 through \$BFFF. This the portion of DOS containing the RWTS (Read/Write Track & Sector) which is the main portion of DOS responsible for all the gory details of disk operation. The reason that Track \$0, sector \$0 is re-read into page \$B6 is so that RWTS has something to put on the disk so that it can boot. The patch made to the \$B600 area in the original softkey enables a RAM card in slot zero, copies the motherboard language into it, sets up a location on page \$02, and then jumps to another patch at \$B700.

The patch at \$B700 is installed in step 7 of the softkey. This is the real core of the procedure since this patch loads Sensible Speller into memory from the disk when it is booted. The SPELLER.SAVER routine stores the menu and utilities on the disk in a certain way. See the following Table 1 for a track/sector map of the first seven tracks and their corresponding memory locations.

The hi-res Sensible Speller logo is stored on tracks six and seven. The first thing that the patch at \$B700 does is to display hi-res page two (\$4000-\$5FFF) and load this logo from the disk. Then, \$0800 to \$3A00 is loaded from tracks Ø through 5 (in reverse order), skipping over tracks two and three which are not used by the copy routine. Page three is loaded from track \$0, sector \$0C and then \$7700 and \$7100 are loaded from track Ø, sectors \$ØB and \$ØA respectively. I assume that \$7700 must be used in some way by Sensible Speller 4.0d; later versions do not use it. Page \$71 was used by the RESET trap routine to store zero page. All the important parts of memory are restored to their original contents when the disk is booted. The last task of the patch at \$B700 is to restore zero page and jump to the Speller program. This patch is stored to the disk on track 0, sector 1 in steps 8 through 10. Then, \$0800 to \$3A00 is loaded from tracks \$0, \$1, \$4 and \$5 with the use of the normal DOS RWTS.

Getting back to the original procedure, next the unprotected tracks (\$2-\$3 and \$6-\$22) on the original disk are copied with a bit copier or by SUPER IOB. Then, the SPELLER.SAVER routine is patched into the RAM card, the original disk is booted, and RESET is pressed. The patch entered in step 17 saves page zero at \$7100 when RESET is pressed, allowing the SPELLER.SAVER routine to save a complete snapshot of memory to disk. When the SPELLER.SAVER program is run (DØØØG in step 22), it writes the important areas of memory to disk at the tracks and sectors shown in Table 1. When the disk is booted, Sensible Speller is loaded back into memory and started.

Table 1

|      |    |    |   | Tra | ack |    |    |    |
|------|----|----|---|-----|-----|----|----|----|
| Sct. | Ø  | 1  | 2 | 3   | 4   | 5  | 6  | 7  |
| 00   | В6 | ØB | × | x   | 1B  | 2B | 40 | 50 |
| Ø1   | B7 | ØC | X | X   | 10  | 20 | 41 | 51 |
| Ø2   | B8 | ØD | X | x   | 1D  | 20 | 42 | 52 |
| Ø3   | B9 | ØE | × | X   | 1E  | 2E | 43 | 53 |
| 04   | BA | ØF | × | ×   | 1F  | 2F | 44 | 54 |
| Ø5   | BB | 10 | × | X   | 20  | 30 | 45 | 55 |
| Ø6   | BC | 11 | × | x   | 21  | 31 | 46 | 56 |
|      |    |    |   |     |     |    |    |    |

| 07 | BD | 12 | X | X | 22 | 32 | 47 | 57 |
|----|----|----|---|---|----|----|----|----|
| Ø8 | BE | 13 | X | x | 23 | 33 | 48 | 58 |
| 09 | BF | 14 | X | × | 24 | 34 | 49 | 59 |
| ØA | 71 | 15 | X | X | 25 | 35 | 4A | 5A |
| ØB | 77 | 16 | X | X | 26 | 36 | 4B | 5B |
| ØC | Ø3 | 17 | × | x | 27 | 37 | 4C | 5C |
| ØD | Ø8 | 18 | X | X | 28 | 38 | 4D | 5D |
| ØE | 09 | 19 | × | X | 29 | 39 | 4E | 5E |
| ØF | ØA | 1A | X | X | 2A | 3A | 4F | 5F |

#### What Goes Wrong

I found that on later revisions of Sensible Speller the menu and utilities take up two or three more pages of memory than the original softkey saves to disk. If the entire menu is not present in memory, the copy of Sensible Speller will print a "CHECKSUM ERROR" message when the menu appears. The SPELLER.SAVER program saves the menu and utilities to the unprotected disk on tracks 0,1,4 and 5 but I found out that the same code also exists on tracks \$8 through \$B which are copied during step 11 of the

key saves page \$03 on track \$0, sector \$0C, the values in the RESET vector can be viewed with a sector editor. The values in \$3F2-\$3F3 turn out to be F8 03, which points at \$03F8. At \$3F8 the assembly language instruction reads JMP (\$004E) which is an indirect JMP to the values at \$4E-\$4F. Therefore, for all versions of Sensible Speller to work correctly, the last thing the SPELLER.LOADER program should do is to perform a JMP (\$004E).

The modifications I have made to the SPELLER.LOADER program load the menu and utilities from tracks \$8-\$B into memory at \$0800-\$3FFF. Some of these sectors on track \$B may or may not be needed but the program loads them in regardless so that the procedure will work with all of the different revisions. Another modification I made was to have the SPELLER.LOADER program lay track \$2, sector \$0F over page \$09 in memory where the setup is contained. This ensures that the latest setup is used each time the disk is booted.



softkey.

Another problem with the original softkey is that the entry point of \$33D9 is correct only for 4.0d. Each of the revisions seems to have a different entry point and if the entry point is not correct, the copy will usually just load in the Sensible Speller hires logo, switch to the text screen and then hang up.

One thing to notice about an original copy of Sensible Speller is that the program will always return to the main menu if the RESET key is hit (at least with an autostart F8 ROM). This is a clue that the RESET vector at \$3F2 somehow points to the correct menu entry point. Because the original soft-

Finally, my modified SPELLER.LOAD-ER program performs the aforementioned JMP (\$004E) to enter the menu.

#### Step-By-Step Copying Of Sensible Speller IV

This assumes that you have already tried to make a copy using the softkey from Hardcore COMPUTIST No. 9. To make this copy work, do the following:

- 1) Boot the DOS 3.3 master disk
- 2) Insert the copy disk made using the original procedure
- 3) Enter the monitor

4) Key in the modified SPELLER.LOAD-ER program listed below.

B700: 2C 50 C0 2C 57 C0 2C 52 B708: C0 2C 55 C0 A9 0F 8D ED B710: B7 A9 07 8D EC B7 A2 01 B718: 8E EA B7 CA 8E FØ B7 A9 B720: 5F 8D F1 B7 20 7F B7 AD B728: F1 B7 C9 40 B0 F6 A9 0B B730: 8D EC B7 A9 07 8D ED B7 B738: 20 7F B7 AD F1 B7 C9 08 B740: BØ F6 A9 Ø3 8D F1 B7 A9 B748: 00 8D EC B7 A9 0C 8D ED B750: B7 20 7F B7 A9 77 8D F1 B758: B7 20 7F B7 A9 71 8D F1 B760: B7 20 7F B7 A9 02 8D EC B768: B7 A9 ØF 8D ED B7 A9 Ø9 B770: 8D F1 B7 20 7F B7 AD 51 B778: CØ AD 54 CØ 4C 9C B7 A9 B780: 01 8D F4 B7 A9 B7 A0 E8 B788: 20 B5 B7 CE ED B7 10 08 B790: A9 0F 8D ED B7 CE EC B7 B798: CE F1 B7 60 A2 00 BD 00 B7AØ: 71 95 ØØ E8 DØ F8 6C 4E B7A8: 00

(if you want to save this program in the event of an error: BSAVE SPELLER.LOAD-ER.MOD,A\$B700,L\$A9)
5) Use RWTS to write page \$B7 to track 0, sector 0.

803:A9 B7 A0 E8 4C B5 B7 B7EB:00 00 01 B7F0:00 B7 00 00 02 803G

The disk will now boot and work normally.

If you have not tried the softkey from No. 9, just use the SPELLER.LOADER.MOD from this article in place of the original SPELLER.LOADER. The rest of the steps in the original article can be followed without modification.

#### SPELLER.LOADER.MOD Source Code

1010 \* SPELLER.LOADER.MOD 1020 \* This loads what used to be 1030 \* part of Sensible Speller 1040 \* while it is booting. 1050 \* 1060 \* 1070 \* Modification to SPELLER.LOADER 1080 \* from Hardcore COMPUTIST no. 9 1090 \* which works on versions 1100 \* of Sensible Speller IV up to 1110 \* revision 4.2b. 1120 \* 1130 \* Note that some code was 1140 \* rearranged to make room for the 1150 \* new code. The free space for 1160 \* patches is \$8700-\$8784. RWTS 1170 \* entry at \$B7B5 must not be

```
1180 * disturbed!
1190 * -----
1200 *
1210
              .OR $B700
              .TF SPELLER.LOADER.MOD
1220
1230 *
1240 * DOS 3.3 RWTS Parmlist
1250 *
1260 DRIVE
              .FQ $B7EA
1270 TRACK
              .EQ $B7EC
              .EQ $B7ED
1280 SECTOR
              .EQ $B7F1
1290 BUFHI
1300 COMMAND
             .EQ $87F4
              .EQ $B7B5
1310 RWTS
1320 *
1330 * Display Hi-res page 2
1340 *
              BIT $C050
1350
              BIT $C057
1360
1370
              BIT $C052
              BIT $C055
1380
1390 *
1400 * Load the SS logo from
1410 * tracks 6 & 7.
1420 *
1430
              LDA #$OF
1440
              STA SECTOR
1450
              LDA #$07
1460
              STA TRACK
              LDX #$01
1470
              STX DRIVE
1480
1490
              DEX
              STX BUFHI-1
1500
1510
              LDA #$5F
              STA BUFHI
1520
              JSR READ
1530 LOOP1
1540
              LDA BUFHI
1550
              CMP #$40
1560
              BCS LOOP1
1570 *
1580 * Load the menu and utilities
1590 * from tracks $8-$B into memory
1600 * at $0800-$3FFF.
1610 *
              LDA #$OB
1620
1630
              STA TRACK
1640
              LDA #$07
1650
              STA SECTOR
1660 LOOP2
              JSR READ
              I DA BUEHT
1670
1680
              CMP #$08
1690
              BCS LOOP2
1700 *
1710 * Load page $03 from
1720 * track $0, sector $0C.
1730 *
1740
              LDA #$03
              STA BUFHI
1750
1760
             LDA #$00
              STA TRACK
1770
              LDA #$OC
1780
1790
              STA SECTOR
              JSR READ
1800
1810 *
1820 * Get $7700 from track $0,
1830 * sector $B. This may not be
1840 * needed for your revision.
1850 *
```

1860 LDA #\$77

STA BUFHI

1870

```
1880
             JSR READ
1890 *
1900 * Get $7100 (SS page $0) from
1910 * track $0, sector $A.
1920 *
1930
              LDA #$71
1940
              STA BUFHI
1950
              JSR READ
1960 *
1970 * This routine overlays the setup
1980 * code over page $09 from
1990 * track $2, sector $F.
2000 *
2010
              LDA #$02
2020
              STA TRACK
              LDA #$OF
2030
2040
              STA SECTOR
              LDA #$09
2050
2060
              STA BUFHI
2070
              JSR READ
2080 *
2090 * Set the screen to text page 1
2100 * and exit.
2110 *
2120
              LDA $C051
              LDA $C054
2130
              JMP EXIT
2140
2150 *
2160 * READ has been modified to
2170 * decrement BUFHI after each read
2180 * to save some space in the code.
2190 *
              LDA #$01
2200 READ
2210
              STA COMMAND
              LDA #$B7
2220
              LDY #$E8
2230
2240
              JSR RWTS
2250
              DEC SECTOR
2260
              BPL RTS1
2270
              LDA #$OF
              STA SECTOR
2280
2290
              DEC TRACK
2300 RTS1
              DEC BUFHI
2310
              RTS
2320 *
2330 * Restore page $0 from $7100 and
2340 * then jump to SS IV entry point
2350 *
2360 EXIT
              LDX #$00
              LDA $7100,X
2370 LOOP3
              STA $0,X
2380
2390
              INX
2400
              BNE LOOP3
2410 *
2420 * JMP indirectly to Speller Menu
2430 *
2440
              JMP ($004E)
```

## **Softkey For EXODUS:**



### By Tim Schaap

Requirements: Apple with 48K One disk drive with DOS 3.3 Exodus SUPER IOB from issue #9 One blank disk

Exodus: Ultima III, by Origin Systems, is a superior role-playing game. The author, Lord British, has added many enhancements to this, the third, Ultima scenario. Unfortunately, the program side of this third Ultima still doesn't allow the user to back it up. On the brighter side, there exists a method of unprotecting Exodus. Some boot code tracing is required to capture its RWTS, but once this has been done, SUPER IOB, with the proper controller installed, can be used to make a backup of Exodus.

Several things prevent making a duplicate of Exodus with a bit copier. The address and data marks on the disk are changed extensively throughout the disk. The only tracks that are used on the disk are \$0.\$10, the rest of the tracks being unformatted. The disk is similar to normal DOS 3.3 in that it uses normal DOS 3.3 RWTS calls and an Input/Output Block (IOB). Even though the RWTS and IOB are at different locations than in normal DOS 3.3, Exodus is a prime target for deprotecting with Super IOB.

#### But How Do I Do It?

That's enough of the usual hubbub. To make a backup of your original Exodus disk, first we have to capture the entire Exodus RWTS so that it can later be put into memory for utilization by SUPER IOB. In order to do this a little boot code tracing is required. Boot code tracing is not a process used for manufacturing footware, but is a technique for gradually loading pieces of code into memory from disk and halting the code before it can begin to execute. This

method is based upon the fact that, even on highly protected Apple disks, track \$0, sector \$0, must be readable by the disk controller hardware.

1) Begin by entering the monitor.

#### CALL-151

2) Move Boot Ø into RAM so we can control where it will go after reading in Boot 1.

#### 8600 < C600.C6FFM

At this point, you may look at \$86F8 and see that it jumps out to \$0801 after reading in Boot 1. We want to modify this so it will jump to \$8801 instead. We make \$8601 jump to \$FF59, the monitor, so it will give us control after it has read in Boot 1.

3) Modify Boot 0 to jump to \$8801 and at \$8801 place a jump to the monitor.

#### 86FA:88 88Ø1:4C 59 FF

 Everything is ready so we can start up our modified boot.

#### 8600G

5) Stop the drive after it beeps.

#### CHES

6) Move \$0800 (Boot 1) to \$8800 so we can change how it works.

#### 8800 < 800.900M

7) The next step changes \$8811 to ORA with #\$80 instead of #\$C0 so it will set up the indirect jump to go to \$865C (our modified read routine, down in RAM), and not \$C65C (the ROM read routine). There is a branch out to \$8846 that jumps out only after it has read in the necessary information. This step also makes \$8846, the location where it branches out, jump to the monitor in order to give us control after it has read in the RWTS.

#### 8812:80 8846:4C 59 FF

8) Start it up again and stop it after the beep.

#### 8600G C0E8

9) It has just loaded in its RWTS, but we will

not be able to use it at this point because it has not set itself up. Let's make it so it will set itself up and let us have control afterwards. Look at \$0846-, the original Boot 1 location. It sets up the Reset vector and the slot number where the disk drive resides (\$0854 up to \$0860). We will have to skip this portion of the code and start our next boot process at \$0860. But first, we have to set up the Reset vector at \$03F2 to jump to the monitor when we hit Reset key after the demo has begun.

#### 3F2:59 FF 5A

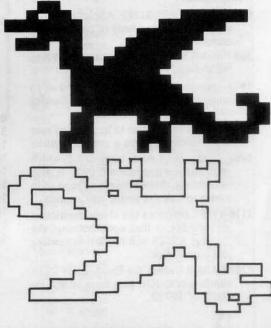
10) Remember, we don't want the code to set up its own values for the Reset vector and other items. Therefore, we will begin the next boot at \$0860. Note: the drive may recalibrate, but it will read the rest of the program in afterwards.

#### 869 C

11) As soon as the red light on the disk drive goes off, hit RESET or CTRL RESET depending on what your Apple accepts as the Reset key. Looking through the RWTS starting at \$B500, one would find that the IOB table begins at \$B750 and that some locations go to \$B610 to read or write. This location is the main RWTS call to go and read a sector. 12) Now let's move the RWTS down to \$2400 where SUPER IOB will use it.

#### 2400 < B400.BFFFM

Insert the disk that has SUPER IOB. Make sure that the disk has a short HELLO program. For example, a program which merely CATALOGs the disk and gives control to the user. Boot up with this disk, and after the HELLO program gives you control of the Apple, type:



BSAVE RWTS.EXODUS, A\$2400,L\$C00

13) Type in the controller at the end of this

article and save it by whatever means you usually use.

14) When RUNning Super IOB with the Ultima III controller installed, you must copy with disk drives that are in slot 6. Press "Y" when the program asks if it should INITialize the blank disk. Give the disk a volume number of 2.

#### What Happened?

After it is finished, Super IOB makes some sector edits by changing all the bytes referred to on the small chart below from B1's to B2's. This tells Exodus that a non-protected disk is being used.

| Trk | Sct | Change these bytes                    |
|-----|-----|---------------------------------------|
| Ø   | ø   | E7                                    |
| ø   | D   | 4 10 1C 28 34 40 4C 58 64<br>70 7C 88 |

In order for Exodus to have a protected boot side and a normal DOS player side, the RWTS has to differentiate between the two. The protection scheme relies upon the disk volume number to tell whether the disk is protected or not. A volume number of 1 tells the RWTS that the disk is protected and tells it to get the address and data marks from the table which begins at \$B765. A volume number of 2 tells the RWTS that the disk is the player disk and that it should use normal address and data marks. All other volume numbers are rejected. The sector edit performed on track \$0, sectors \$0 and \$D ensures that a normal RWTS is always accessing the disk.

Here is an explanation of some of the modifications to Super IOB that the controller makes.

- 60 makes \$1A00-\$23FF Applesoft variable space, giving plenty of room for the program to work in.
- 360 moves memory from \$2400-\$2FFF to \$B400-\$BFFF.
- 1010 sets the last track to be copied at 16 and sets up page 3 to call the Exodus RWTS at \$B610.
- 1020 makes the volume to be accessed next a 1, which indicates a protected disk.
- 1060 makes the volume number a 2, which indicates an unprotected disk. It also tests to see if track zero was read in in order to call the sector edit routine.
- 1110-1120 performs the above mentioned sector edits so that upon booting, the Exodus RWTS will think it is reading the player disk.
- 62000-62010 alters the Exodus RWTS so that it gets its IOB data from \$030A instead of \$B750.

That's all. Exodus with normal address and data marks is now ready to be backed-up and played. This same procedure, with a few

changes, can be used to make Caverns of Callisto COPYAble.

#### Ultima III Controller

60 LOMEM: 6656: HIMEM: 9215: GOTO 10010
360 POKE 253,36: POKE 255,180: POKE 224,12: CALL 832: RETURN
1000 REM ULTIMA III CONTROLLER
1010 TK = 0:ST = 0:LT = 17:CD = WR:IO = 772: GOSUB 360: POKE 773,16: POKE 774,182: GOSUB 62000
1020 VL = 1:T1 = TK: GOSUB 490
1030 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST = ST + 1: IF ST < DOS THEN 1030
1040 IF BF THEN 1060
1050 ST = 0:TK = TK + 1: IF TK < LT THEN 1030
1060 VL = 2: GOSUB 490:TK = T1

1060 VL = 2 : GOSUB 490 :TK = T1 :ST = 0 : IF TK = 0 THEN GOSUB 1110

1070 GOSUB 430 : GOSUB 100 :ST = ST + 1 : IF ST < DOS THEN 1070 1080 ST = 0 :TK = TK + 1 : IF BF =

Ø AND TK < LT THEN 1070 1090 IF TK < LT THEN 1020

1100 HOME : PRINT : PRINT "DONE WITH COPY" : GOSUB 360 : END

1110 READ LOC : POKE LOC ,178 : IF LOC <> 13448 THEN 1110 1120 RETURN

10010 PRINT CHR\$ (4 ) "BLOADA RWTS.EXODUS, A\$2400"

62000 READ LOC: READ NUM: POKE LOC, NUM: IF NUM < > 10 THEN 62000

62010 RETURN

62020 DATA 46610 ,13 ,46611 ,3 ,46621 ,14 ,46622 ,3 ,46625 ,14 ,46626 ,3 ,46708 ,3 ,46710 ,10

62030 DATA 10215 ,13316 ,13328 ,13340 ,13352 ,13364 ,13376 ,13388 ,13400 ,13412 ,13424 ,13436 ,13448

#### Controller Checksums

| 60   | - | \$AA93 | 1080  | - | \$6C1E |  |
|------|---|--------|-------|---|--------|--|
| 360  | - | \$321E | 1090  | - | \$D12A |  |
| 1000 | - | \$E3B8 | 1100  | - | \$3FE1 |  |
| 1010 | - | \$DD88 | 1110  | - | \$69DØ |  |
| 1020 | - | \$3132 | 1120  | - | \$E3C1 |  |
| 1030 | - | \$2733 | 10010 | - | \$7158 |  |
| 1040 | - | \$B700 | 62000 | - | \$DB27 |  |
| 1050 | - | \$AB69 | 62010 | - | \$A73A |  |
| 1060 | - | \$9CCØ | 62020 | - | \$AF61 |  |
| 1070 | - | \$94C5 | 62030 | - | \$AF7C |  |
|      |   |        |       |   |        |  |



#### Continued from page 23

VOCABULARY BUILDER- FRENCH (UNK): normal \* VOCABULARY BUILDER- GERMAN (UNK): normal \* VOCABULARY BUILDER- SPANISH (UNK):normal \* VORTEX (UNK):normal \* VOICE (MU):normal \* WARP FACTOR:(SSI) normal \* WAVY NAVY (SRS):see Flip Out \* WAYOUT (SRS):see Flip Out \* WHOLE NUMBERS-PLATO (CDP):mode-2 \* WINDOW (UNK):normal \* WIZARD AND PRINCESS (SOL):normal WIZARDRY (SIR): t0-t22 tA-tE mode-2 or 5 or 6 note: drive speed critical write-protect boot side!!! WORD ATTACK (UNK):normal \* Data disks:normal \* WORD HANDLER (SVS): note: very hard to copy t11-t22

or try: \*
10 - tA parm 4 = 10 mode-3 or -4
tB.25-t10.25 mode-2
t11-t22

t0 - tA parm 28 = 2 mode-3 or -4

tB.25-t10.25 parm 0 = 1 mode-2

WORD INVASION (DEL):normal \*
WORD JUGGLER III (QRK):mode-2 \*
WORD MASTER (UNK):normal \*
WORDRACE (DAS):mode -2 \*
WORD RADAR (UNK):normal \*
WORDSPINNER (UNK): \*

t0 - t9 t1.75-t2.75

WORLDS GREATEST BLACK-JACK (AC):normal XPS DIAGNOSTIC IIs or IIe (XPS):

t0-tA mode-2

t3 parm 12 = 5 16 = 8, 10, or 14 mode-2 ZANDER-THE WIZARD level 1 and 2 (UNK): \*

t0-t23 mode-2 ZAXXON (DS): \* note:very hard to copy

drive speed critical

t0-t16 normal or try: \*

t0-t16 mode-5 or 6

or try: \*

t0-t22 parm 07 = 1 mode-2

ZENITH (GB):see Choplifter

ZOOM GRAFIX (PH):normal

ZORK I (IC):normal

ZORK II (IC):normal \*

ZORK III (IC):normal \*

\* = Parameters for this program were supplied by an EDD user.

| Continued      | from page 22 |                | 2610   | JSR NUM.       | PRT                                 | 390                                     | - \$3DAC             | 1120 - \$43B5                  |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|--|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1980           | LDX #30      | JMP 30,2       | 2620   | INY            |                                     | 400<br>410                              | - \$8875<br>- \$3A62 | 1130 - \$578F<br>1140 - \$3FB4 |
| 1990           | LDA #2       |                | 2630   | DEC 0          |                                     | 420                                     | - \$1AD4             | 1150 - \$DCB5                  |
| 2000           | JSR NEW.X.Y  |                | 2640   | BNE .1         |                                     | 430                                     | - \$94A9             | 1160 - \$9215                  |
| 2010           | PLA          |                | 2650   | RTS            |                                     | 440                                     | - \$0076             | 1170 - \$1FFE                  |
| 2020           | JSR Y.N.PRNT |                | 2660   |                | THE HOD                             | 450                                     | - \$B372             | 1180 - \$FF4F                  |
| 2030           | LDX #0       | JMP 0,7        | 2670 INVERT  | LDA TOP        | INV=NOR                             | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | - \$0117             | 1190 - \$83DD                  |
| 2040           | LDA #7       |                | ORM=INV  |                |                                     | 470                                     | - \$AB34             | 1200 - \$131A                  |
| 2050           | JSR NEW.X.Y  |                | 2680   | STA CV         |                                     | 480                                     | - \$4641             | 1210 - \$CA01                  |
| 2060           | LDY #18      | STRENGTH       | 2690 LINER2  | JSR BASCA      |                                     | 490<br>GHT 500                          | - \$2532<br>- \$ACCB | 1220 - \$956E<br>1230 - \$5E90 |
| 2070           | LDX #4       | DEX, WIS, I    | 2700   | LDY RIGHT      | FROM RI                             | 510                                     | - \$805E             | 1240 - \$FAAB                  |
| NT             |              | minite and the | TO LEFT  |                |                                     | 520                                     | - \$CFFO             | 1250 - \$9640                  |
| 2080           | JSR NUM.PRT  |                | 2710 LINER   | LDA (BASI      | 100                                 | 530                                     | - \$BAB7             | 1260 - \$F83D                  |
| 2090           | LDX #14      | JMP 14,7       | 2720   | EOR #\$CO      | FLIPARO                             | ON1 540                                 | - \$B1C3             | 1270 - \$3F3D                  |
| 2100           | LDA #7       |                | 2730   | CMP #\$EO      | MORE PR                             | OCES 550                                | - \$5327             | 1280 - \$DF56                  |
| 2110           | JSR NEW.X.Y  |                | S?   | 200 525        | WEST TO                             | 560                                     | - \$3409             | 1290 - \$2874                  |
| 2120           | LDY #15      | TORCHES        | 2740   | BCS SBC        | YES!                                | 570                                     | - \$C5BA             | 1300 - \$6743                  |
| 2130           | LDX #1       |                | 2750   | CMP #\$CO      |                                     | 580                                     | - \$9637             | 1310 - \$53EA                  |
| 2140           | JSR NUM.PRT  |                | 2760   | BCS STORE      | E.IT                                | 590                                     | - \$D4CO             | 1320 - \$0053                  |
| 2150           | LDY #37      | GEMS, KEYS     | 2770   | CMP #\$20      |                                     | 600                                     | - \$9A1D             | 1330 - \$2070                  |
| 2160           | LDX #3       | POWDER         | 2780   | BCC STORE      | E.IT                                | 610                                     | - \$57DA             | 1340 - \$E860<br>1350 - \$9591 |
| 2170           | JSR NUM.PRT  | TORDER         | 2790 SBC   | SBC #\$40      |                                     | 620<br>630                              | - \$471C<br>- \$56E5 | 1350 - \$9591<br>1360 - \$4303 |
|                |              | MAGIC PTS      | 2800 STORE.I   | T STA (BASI    | L),Y                                | 640                                     | - \$FB19             | 1370 - \$B620                  |
| 2180           | LDY #25      | HAUTO FIS      | 2810   | DEY            |                                     | 650                                     | - \$E092             | 1380 - \$9A03                  |
| 2190           | LDX #1       |                | 2820   | CPY LEFT       | DONE LI                             |   | - \$2D67             | 1390 - \$EFEE                  |
| 2200           | JSR NUM.PRT  |                | 2830   | BNE LINE       | 1                                   | 670                                     | - \$1015             | 1400 - \$D88C                  |
| 2210           | LDX #0       | JMP 0,15       | 2840   | INC CV         |                                     | 680                                     | - \$D2DC             | 1410 - \$CE39                  |
| 2220           | LDA #15      |                | 2850   | LDA CV         |                                     | 690                                     | - \$53B1             | 1420 - \$2E3B                  |
| 2230           | JSR NEW.X.Y  |                | 2860   | CMP BOTTO      | MC                                  | 700                                     | - \$DDB6             | 1430 - \$8DCO                  |
| 2240           | LDX #7       | SEVEN ARMOU    | 2870   | BNE LINE       |                                     | 710                                     | - \$6A6E             | 1440 - \$92F5                  |
| RS             |              |                | 2880   | DEC CV         |                                     | 720                                     | - \$8F19             | 1450 - \$61B3                  |
| 2250           | LDY #41      | ARMOUR BYTE    | 2890   | RTS            |                                     | 730                                     | - \$DA83             | 1460 - \$5775                  |
| 2260           | JSR NUM.PRT  |                | 2070   | KIS            | 100                                 | 740                                     | - \$1930             | 1470 - \$5B1E                  |
| 2270           | LDX #17      | JMP 17,14      |  |                |                                     | 750                                     | - \$630C             | 1480 - \$34AA                  |
| 2280           | LDA #14      |                |  |                | OMPUTIST j                          | 100                                     | - \$CE4D             | 1490 - \$5622<br>1500 - \$c071 |
| 2290           | JSR NEW.X.Y  |                | The state of the s |                | e are two version                   |   | - \$8226             | 1510 - \$9741                  |
| 2300           | LDY #49      | WEAPONS BYT    | A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH |                | ut there. One version on disk in lo | 100                                     | - \$4EB2             | 1520 - \$CEBD                  |
| E              |              |                | 1. 0.0000000 v. 0.0000000000000000000000   |                | in the Ultima                       |   | - \$E7EF<br>- \$4115 | 1530 - \$6BD9                  |
| 2310           | LDX #10      | FIRST 10       | article.   | ire memionee   | in the Online                       | 800<br>810                              | - \$9A81             | 1540 - \$7F20                  |
| 2320           | JSR NUM.PRT  |                | The second secon | r, however, st | ores them one                       |   | - \$3058             | 1550 - \$4CD5                  |
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#### Defendisk Defeated??

Hardcore COMPUTIST No. 10 ran a short article about a \$10,000 reward being offered by Defendisk Inc. to the first person who could produce an exact duplicate of an IBM PC disk protected by the Defendisk system. Shortly thereafter, we received a press release from a company called Copyrighter which claimed that two of its engineers, Peter Hipson and Thomas Westheimer had successfully defeated Defendisk and submitted a working copy on June 20, 1984.

Hipson and Westheimer are the inventors of the hardware-based COPYRIGHTER protection system which can be incorporated into a microprocessor when it is manufactured, and will probably first appear in the 8088 and 8086 microprocessors used by IBM and others. There are also plans to embody the system within Western Design's 16-bit, 6502 compatible CPU's.

In making the copy of the Defendisk competition disk, Hipson and Westheimer utilized a BATCH file, the PC-DOS equivalent of an Apple EXECable file. This file, when executed, made a copy of Defendisk which ignored the results produced by the disk verification routines. A working copy of Defendisk resulted. Unfortunately for Hipson and Westheimer, Rule 1 of the Defendisk competition rules read:

1.An exact duplicate of this competition diskette must be produced by the use of software

Because the code which checked the disk's "signature" had been altered, in Defendisk's opinion, an exact duplicate was not produced. The submitted copy worked well, but Defendisk adamantly refused to pay the reward.

Defendisk's president, Robert Veener, says his company is still evaluating other copies of the competition disk which were submitted and is considering payment (and a job offer?) to at least one individual. Meanwhile, if you enter any contests, be sure to read the rules very carefully.

#### Caveat Emptor

Several complaints have recently been directed towards one of our former advertisers, Connecticut Information Services of Bridgeport, CT. Their ad for bit copiers, copy cards and other hardware items appeared in Hardcore COMPUTIST No.'s 6,7 and 8 and can also be found in recent issues of Nibble.

Complaints against CIS include non-delivery of goods ordered and non-payment of their advertising bills. Recently, there has also been no answer at the telephone number listed in their ads. Readers contemplating purchase of any of the products advertised by Connecticut Information Services should consider shopping elsewhere.

#### Apple ][, ][+, //e, Franklin users:

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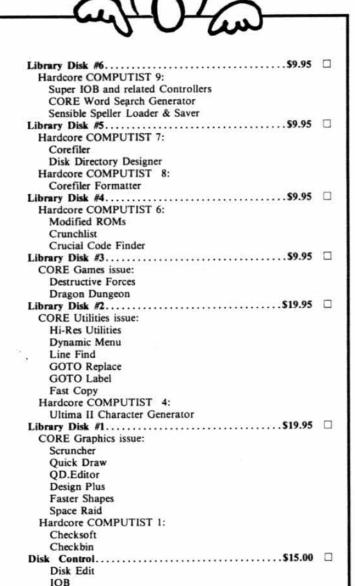
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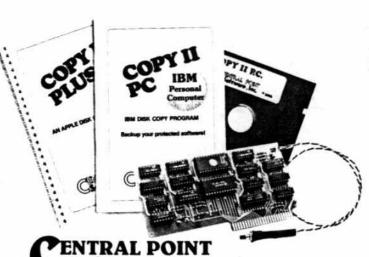
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